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Strada Shelburne Pit/Quarry

MAXIMUM PREDICTED WATER TABLE REPORT

Strada Aggregates Inc.

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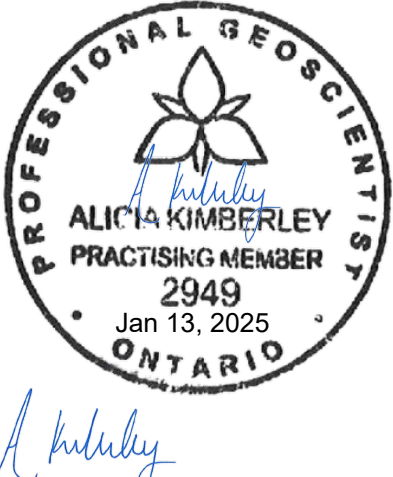

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Prepared by:

Tatham Engineering Limited
115 Sandford Fleming Drive, Suite 200
Collingwood, Ontario L9Y 5A6
T 705-444-2565
tathameng.com

Prepared for:

Strada Aggregates Inc.
30 Floral Parkway, Suite 400
Concord, Ontario L4K 4R1

Authored by:	Reviewed by:
	
Alicia Kimberley, M.Sc., P.Geo. Manager - Hydrogeology & Geoenvironmental	Daniel Twigger, P.Eng. Manager - Water Resources

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1 Introduction

Tatham Engineering Limited (Tatham) was retained by Strada Aggregates Inc. (Strada) to prepare this Maximum Predicted Water Table report in support of a Class A aggregate license for the proposed Strada Pit/Quarry.

The site is located at 437159 4th Line, in Shelburne and currently operates as an above water pit comprised of three ARA licences (#626199, #625155 and #129167). The site is bound by County Road 17 on the south, 4th Line on the west, the Bonnefield agricultural property and Sideroad 15 to the north and the CBM property and 13th Line to the east. Strada is proposing to combine the three existing licences to allow the pit operations to continue and permit below water quarry extraction within the northern 2/3rds of the site (existing licences #626199 and #129167).

The purpose of this report is to identify the maximum predicted water table elevation, in metres above sea level (m asl), relative to the proposed depth of excavation at the site.

This letter outlines the field program conducted at the site used to determine the maximum predicted water table elevation. Additional details and results from the field monitoring program are summarized in the Strada Pit/Quarry Level 1 and 2 Hydrogeological Assessment (Tatham and Earthfx, 2024).



2 Proposed Site Development

At the time quarry operations commence, it is expected the available sand and gravel resource will have been extracted from all portions of the site except for the northern portion of existing License #626199. The proposed phasing sequence is shown on Figure 1 through 7.

Quarry operations will commence in Phase 1A which is located in the southern portion of existing License #129167 and will operate concurrently with pit operations in Phase 2C which is located in the northern portion of existing License #626199.

The quarry floor elevation is expected to vary between 438 m asl and 442 m asl based upon the geological formations. The quarry is anticipated to be extracted in three lifts with lifts varying in height as each follows the geological formations across the site. Lift 1 is approximately 11 to 24 m deep, lift 2 is approximately 11 to 17 m deep, and lift 3 is approximately 14 to 23 m deep.

Quarry extraction will occur in a phased manner divided between four phases with each phase containing multiple sub-phases. Quarry operations will occur sequentially. Phases 1A, 1B, 2A, 2B, and 2C will extract lift 1 and 2. Phase 3A includes extraction of lift 3. Phase 3B, 4A and 4B include extraction of lifts 1, 2 and 3.

All material will be processed by portable plants within close proximity to the active pit and quarry working faces. A portion of the material will also be transported to the wash plant within existing License #626155 where it will be washed.

The new license is proposed to ship a maximum of 2 million tonnes per annum and will utilize both of the existing pit entrance/exits until Phase 3B is extracted. After which only the south entrance/exit will be used.

2.1 WATER CONTROL FEATURES

2.1.1 Benches

Three benches will be used to reach the full extraction depth of the proposed quarry extraction area. The first bench coincides with the Guelph formation; the second bench with the Ancaster/Niagara Falls formation, and the third bench with the Gasport formation. Gravel extraction in the remaining northern pit area will be extracted in conjunction with Phase 1 quarry development, along with simultaneous extraction of Bench 1 and 2.

2.1.2 Water Control Barriers

Groundwater inflow control barriers will be constructed along the overburden and bedrock benches as pit/quarry development progresses, thus restricting groundwater inflow to a limited



active extraction face. Barriers will be constructed on Bench 1 (Guelph) and Bench 3 (Gasport), while no barriers are needed in the Ancaster/Niagara Falls bench because permeability and pump testing indicate it is a significant aquitard.

The design of the barriers will meet all standards for site closure, grading and rehabilitation. Geotechnical analysis indicates the on-site Tavistock till may be suitable for water control barriers if confirmed to be sufficiently impermeable by a geotechnical consultant prior to construction of the barriers. If the on-site Tavistock Till is not considered to be sufficiently impermeable, off-site soil may need to be imported for the construction of the barriers.

A limited portion of the final deep Gasport bench face will be left open to allow long-term drainage of the quarry lake into the Gasport aquifer. The Rehabilitation scenario, presented below, demonstrates this will ensure the lake elevation never rises high enough to result in off-site overland discharge.

2.1.3 Injection Wells

Four injection wells will be constructed along the eastern property boundary prior to Phase 1. Two of the injection wells will be installed in the Guelph Formation and the remaining two will be installed in the Gasport unit. The combined capacity of the injection wells is assumed to be at least 12 L/s. Water captured from the buried tile drain constructed along the western property limit will be diverted directly to the injection wells ensuring water being infiltrated via the injection wells is non-contact water collected upgradient of the on-going aggregate activities.

2.1.4 On-Site Infiltration Systems

Groundwater and surface water (including stormwater and precipitation) will be captured and infiltrated on-site. Three on-site infiltration systems will be constructed, including two infiltration ponds in the south portion of the site and a two-part infiltration trench along the northeast portion of the site. The infiltration systems will be constructed in peripheral areas of sand and gravel materials, thus locally recharging the overburden aquifers with no off-site overland surface water flow.

A buried tile drain will be constructed along the western property boundary to collect groundwater and reduce groundwater mounding to the west of the property. The clean water from the drains will be injected directly into two Guelph and two Gasport injection wells along the eastern property boundary.

The combination of bench barriers (to restrict inflow), and on-site re-infiltration ensures no off-site surface water discharge will occur, and groundwater drawdowns will be minimal.

The proposed infiltration systems are shown on Figure 8.



2.2 PHASE ONE

Phase 1 represents the final extraction of sand and gravel from the north portion of the pit, (in the area labeled Phase 2C/Phase 3A in Figure 1, which refers to later phases of bedrock removal); and extraction of bedrock from Bench 1 and 2 in the central portion of the site, labeled as Phase 1A and Phase 1B. The open extraction faces are shown as dotted lines in Figure 1. A cross section showing the extraction conditions is shown in Figure 2.

The start of bedrock extraction will be a sinking cut located in the Phase 1A area. Groundwater levels in the Phase 1A area are near the lowest recorded on site, and extraction from this initial location will have the minimal impact on the overburden water table.

Overburden water control barriers have been constructed on three sides of the overburden (green line). Progressive barriers have been constructed along the south and east face of Bench 1 (dark blue line), and an open face exists in Bench 1 and 2 along the west and northern faces (dashed red lines).

Quarry floor drains have been constructed to distribute inflow to both the infiltration trenches in the northeast portion of the site and the southern infiltration galleries.

2.3 PHASE TWO

Phase 2 represents the complete extraction of aggregate from Bench 1 and 2 under Phases 1 and 2 and the ongoing extraction of Phase 2C. The open extraction face is shown as dotted lines in Figure 3. A cross section showing the extraction conditions is shown in Figure 4.

Overburden water control barriers have been constructed on four sides of the overburden (green line). Progressive barriers have been constructed along three sides of Bench 1 (dark blue line), and an open face exists in Bench 1 and 2 along the northern face (dashed red line).

Quarry floor drains are constructed to distribute inflow to both the infiltration trenches in the northeast portion of the site and the southern infiltration galleries.

During this phase a buried tile drain constructed along the north western property boundary will collect groundwater so as to reduce groundwater mounding to the west of the property. This water is collected and directly injected into the Guelph and Gasport injection wells along the eastern property boundary. Any excess is added to the eastern infiltration system trenches. The combined injection capacity of these wells is 12 L/s, and a minimum length of 570 m of drain is estimated to generate this flow.

2.4 PHASE THREE

Phase 3 represents the continued extraction of Bench 2 and initial extraction of Bench 3. Phase 3 only includes a partial removal of Bench 3 with the remaining portion of Bench 3 to be removed



in Phase 4. The analysis and presentation of potential impacts were limited to Phase 4 (discussed below) which is considered to be a “worst case scenario” when comparing Phase 3 and Phase 4 conditions.

2.5 PHASE FOUR

Phase 4A represents extraction of bedrock from the second to final Phase 4A cell (Figure 5). In this scenario Benches 1, 2 and 3 are all open along the active face in the south east portion of the excavation. The location of the open extraction faces is shown as a dotted red line in Figure 5. A cross section showing the extraction conditions is shown in Figure 6.

Overburden water control barriers have been constructed on four sides of the overburden (green line). Barriers have been constructed along the majority of Bench 1, with the exception of the south face (dark blue line). As noted, an open face exists in Bench 1, 2 and 3 in the Phase 4A cell (dashed red line). Quarry floor drains are constructed to distribute inflow to both the infiltration trenches at the northeast portion of the site and the southern infiltration ponds.

During this phase a buried tile drain constructed along the north western property boundary will collect groundwater so as to reduce groundwater mounding to the west of the property. This water is collected and conveyed to the Guelph and Gasport injection wells along the eastern property boundary and any excess is added to the eastern infiltration trenches. The combined injection rate is 12 L/s. The drain is subdivided into three segments to provide flexibility in diverting and controlling flow, as needed. In the model representation, the north and central segment divert 12 L/s directly to the injection wells (with any seasonal excess going to the northern infiltration trench), and the southern segment discharges into the central infiltration site.

2.6 REHABILITATION

The Rehabilitation scenario represents conditions after final rehabilitation and closure of the pit and quarry.

At this time, all on-site water control and infiltration systems will be modified and/or removed so as to allow groundwater and surface water conditions to return to near baseline conditions without any active long-term water management.

Water control barriers constructed on all four sides of the pit/quarry in the overburden and Bench 1 will remain in place for the purpose of slope rehabilitation (Figure 7). The exception to this is a 365-m portion of the eastern overburden barrier will be opened to allow lateral seepage into the shallow groundwater system east of the property. The area of barrier opening is shown as a thick orange line in Figure 7. Seepage from this opening will eliminate drawdowns and support streamflow in the tributary flowing into NAT-18.



The barriers constructed on Bench 3 will remain in place; however, a small portion of the Gasport formation along the western face of Phase 4 will remain open to the quarry lake to ensure the lake does not overtop and discharge as surface water.

Water from the western tile drain will no longer be infiltrated into the bedrock injection wells. The wells will be sealed and decommissioned. The northern segment of the tile drain will be opened to freely drain into the quarry lake. This will prevent long-term groundwater mounding west of the quarry.

All the infiltration ponds and trenches will be re-graded and converted into appropriate future land uses, as outlined on the closure site plans. The southern portion of the site, west of the constructed wetland and Wetland NAT-19, will be re-graded so runoff and interflow can enter and support the constructed wetland. Any excess water in the constructed wetlands will be allowed to overflow into Wetland NAT-18.

In summary, the site will be returned to a condition restoring local and regional surface and groundwater conditions, with no need for any form of active water management.



3 Field Program

3.1 DRILLING AND MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

The development of the Shelburne property has evolved since the licensing of the North Pit in 2001. Several groundwater monitoring well drilling and coring programs have been conducted since 2001. The drilling programs were designed to allow for a detailed characterization of the groundwater regimes and to enhance the understanding of the water level responses in the overburden and bedrock aquifer and aquitard systems to rainfall and snowmelt events as well as to overburden removal and pumping. The network has been upgraded and expanded to specifically support the ARA pit/quarry license application.

There is an extensive network of drilling and monitoring wells at the site, including monitor nests, core holes and pumping wells which are summarized in Table 1. The monitoring network is shown in Figure 9. Due to extraction activities, several of these wells are not active at the current time (either destroyed, pulled/decommissioned, or no longer accessible). There are currently 22 active groundwater well nest locations monitoring 30 discrete aquifer/aquitard intervals in the overburden and bedrock aquifers at the property.

In general, monitors labelled with an “A” suffix are screened at the base of the sand and gravel unit (water table aquifer). Monitors labelled with a “B” suffix are screened at the base of the Tavistock Till (just above the bedrock contact). Monitors labelled with a “C” suffix are constructed within the bedrock aquifer. Borehole logs for all the monitoring wells are included in Appendix A.

Key well data (Well ID, depth, screen setting, etc.) are presented in Table 1.

3.2 WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS

Groundwater monitoring on-site began in 2002. Over the course of the monitoring period, each monitoring well has been equipped with an automatic pressure transducer datalogger and is monitored continuously. The pressure transducer data is calibrated using manual groundwater measurements and corrected for barometric pressure.

A summary of the water levels for the A, B and C series monitoring wells are provided in Figures 10 to 12, and individual hydrographs are provided in Appendix B.

In general, the groundwater monitoring history shows a strong degree of seasonal response but a few monitors show a very muted response. The response is likely affected by changes in storage properties (i.e. specific yield) when the water table is mainly within the overlying till (as it is on the western boundary), within the weathered bedrock (center of the site), or deeper within the



bedrock (eastern boundary). Water levels and the local response to recharge events are also affected to some extent by soil stripping and gravel extraction operations

The groundwater levels in the A and B series wells are very similar with respect to measured water levels and trends. The groundwater levels in the C series wells tend to be about 0 to 4.0 m higher than those measured in the A and B series wells, with the exception of several monitors along the western site limit where the groundwater levels in the C series wells were about 3 to 15 m lower than those measured in the A and B series wells.



Table 1: Groundwater Monitoring Well Network

Current Well Nest ID	Current Well Monitor ID	2016 Pit Name	Status ²	Well Tag Number	MECP ID	Easting	Northing	Survey Elevation (masl) ¹	Stick up (m)	Top of Casing (masl)	Borehole Depth (m)	Borehole Bottom Elevation (masl)	Top Monitor Depth (m)	Bottom Monitor Depth (m)	Top Monitor Elevation (masl)	Bottom Monitor Elevation (masl)
PW1	PW1	PW1	Inactive	A006812	17-06267	561425	4888246	503.37	0.48	503.85	48.76	454.61	20.11	48.76	483.26	454.61
OW1	OW1	OW1	Inactive	A006830	17-06269	561395	4888238	504.12	0.21	504.33	48.76	455.36	18.28	48.76	485.84	455.36
OW2	OW2A-08		Destroyed	A047161	71-06056	561215	4887224	509.69	0.55	510.24	25.60	484.09	7.05	10.10	502.64	499.59
OW2	OW2B-08		Destroyed	A047161	71-06056	561215	4887224	509.69	0.55	510.24	25.60	484.09	22.55	25.60	487.14	484.09
OW2-07	OW2C-07		Destroyed	A049591	70-43351	561218	4887224	509.48	0.64	510.12	72.24	437.24	26.52	72.24	482.96	437.24
OW3	OW3A-08		Dry	A047166	71-06057	561273	4886844	504.47	1.41	505.88	12.80	491.67	2.44	3.96	502.03	500.51
OW3	OW3B-08		Active	A047166	71-06057	561273	4886844	504.47	1.41	505.88	12.80	491.67	9.75	12.80	494.72	491.67
OW3-C	OW3C-07		Active	A049601	70-45010	561271	4886844	504.04	0.37	504.41	15.54	488.50	12.49	15.54	491.55	488.50
OW4	OW4A-08		Active	A047165	71-06048	561355	4886425	505.52	0.63	506.15	13.72	491.80	5.14	7.92	500.38	497.60
OW4	OW4B-08		Active	A047165	71-06048	561355	4886425	505.52	0.63	506.15	13.72	491.80	10.54	13.72	494.98	491.80
OW4-C	OW4C-07		Active	A049604	70-45013	561359	4886425	505.38	0.56	505.94	17.06	488.32	13.41	16.46	491.97	488.92
OW5	OW5A-08		Active	A047164	71-06047	561738	4886523	493.51	0.65	494.16	10.67	482.84	2.50	5.70	491.01	487.81
OW5	OW5B-08		Active	A047164	71-06047	561738	4886523	493.51	0.65	494.16	10.67	482.84	7.00	10.05	486.51	483.46
OW5-C	OW5-C		Active	A049603	70-45012	561738	4886520	493.61	0.69	494.30	13.10	480.51	10.00	13.10	483.61	480.51
OW6	OW6-A		Active	A146152	72-21960	561663	4886939	494.13	0.62	494.75	7.90	486.23	1.80	7.80	492.33	486.33
OW7-A	OW7-A		Active	A146161	72-21961	561771	4886674	497.18	0.64	497.82	10.15	487.03	2.13	10.05	495.05	487.13
OW7-C	OW7-C		Active	A133144	72-21962	561773	4886668	496.98	0.78	497.76	30.60	466.38	18.00	30.60	478.98	466.38
OW8	OW8-A		Active	A172376	72-39322	561282	4887057	504.93	0.94	505.87	12.60	492.33	4.00	12.00	500.93	492.93
OW9	OW9A-08		Dry	A047160	71-06055	561798	4887451	496.51	0.42	496.93	18.59	477.92	3.40	6.40	493.11	490.11
OW9	OW9B-08		Active	A047160	71-06055	561798	4887451	496.51	0.42	496.93	18.59	477.92	15.20	18.20	481.31	478.31
OW10	OW10A-08		Dry	A047162	71-06053	561632	4887297	495.45	0.57	496.02	19.51	475.94	2.00	3.00	493.45	492.45
OW10	OW10B-08		Active	A047162	71-06053	561632	4887297	495.45	0.57	496.02	19.51	475.94	16.00	19.20	479.45	476.25
OW11-A	OW11-A		Destroyed	A133145	72-21963	561574	4886478	494.70	1.20	495.90	16.50	478.20	2.90	8.60	491.80	486.10
OW11-C	OW11-C		Destroyed	A133145	72-21964	561578	4886480	494.80	1.20	496.00	16.50	478.30	13.50	16.50	481.30	478.30
OW12-A	OW12A-08		Active	A047149	71-06054	561882	4887192	495.70	0.87	496.57	7.62	488.08	4.57	7.62	491.13	488.08
OW12-B	OW12B-08		Active	A047149	71-06054	561882	4887190	495.13	0.53	495.66	21.64	473.49	17.98	21.03	477.15	474.10
OW13	OW13-A	MW1A	Active	--	--	561140	4887598	506.78	0.75	507.53	19.00	487.78	11.34	14.34	495.44	492.44
OW13	OW13-C	MW1B	Active	--	--	561140	4887598	506.78	0.75	507.53	19.00	487.78	15.94	18.94	490.84	487.84
OW14	OW14-A	MW2A	Dry	A006815	17-06268	561763	4887841	496.82	1.01	497.83	20.10	476.72	9.60	12.40	487.22	484.42
OW14	OW14-C	MW2B	Active	A006815	17-06268	561763	4887841	496.82	1.01	497.83	20.10	476.72	17.00	20.00	479.82	476.82
OW15	OW15-A	MW5A	Destroyed	A006826	17-06274	561431	4887669	510.48	1.13	511.61	30.80	479.68	18.00	20.50	492.48	489.98
OW15	OW15-C	MW5B	Destroyed	A006826	17-06274	561431	4887669	510.48	1.13	511.61	30.80	479.68	26.87	29.87	483.61	480.61
OW16-A	OW16-A		Active	A115091	71-85600	561726	4887994	497.06	0.56	497.62	11.81	485.25	10.29	11.81	486.77	485.25
OW16-C	OW16-C	MW8B	Active	A115091	71-85600	561726	4887993	497.11	0.56	497.67	27.30	469.81	8.00	27.30	489.11	469.81
OW17	OW17-B		Destroyed	A193020	72-79229	561472	4887382	502.61	1.00	503.61	27.50	475.11	20.40	23.60	482.21	479.01
OW17	OW17-C		Destroyed	A193020	72-79229	561472	4887382	502.61	1.00	503.61	27.50	475.11	24.30	27.50	478.31	475.11
OW18	OW18-A		Active	A193021	72-79230	561653	4887685	501.21	0.66	501.87	23.70	477.51	17.00	19.80	484.21	481.41
OW18	OW18-C		Active	A193021	72-79230	561653	4887685	501.21	0.66	501.87	23.70	477.51	20.40	23.70	480.81	477.51
OW19	OW19-A		Active	A218812	72-88078	561036	4888192	510.32	1.12	511.44	35.50	474.82	11.20	14.40	499.12	495.92
OW19	OW19-C		Active	A218813	72-88079	561036	4888192	510.32	1.12	511.44	35.50	474.82	34.00	35.50	476.32	474.82

Current Well Nest ID	Current Well Monitor ID	2016 Pit Name	Status	Well Tag Number	MECP ID	Easting	Northing	Survey Elevation (masl) ¹	Stick up (m)	Top of Casing (masl)	Borehole Depth (m)	Borehole Bottom Elevation (masl)	Top Monitor Depth (m)	Bottom Monitor Depth (m)	Top Monitor Elevation (masl)	Bottom Monitor Elevation (masl)
OW20	OW20-A		Dry	A218820	72-88077	561544	4888333	509.30	1.18	510.48	26.40	482.90	20.12	21.64	489.18	487.66
OW20	OW20-C		Active	A218819		561544	4888333	509.30	1.18	510.48	26.40	482.90	25.00	26.40	484.30	482.90
OW21	OW21-A		Dry	A218822	72-88038	561593	4888680	511.41	0.95	512.36	25.30	486.11	20.80	22.20	490.61	489.21
OW21	OW21-C		Active	A218823	72-88076	561593	4888680	511.41	0.95	512.36	25.30	486.11	23.60	25.30	487.81	486.11
OW22	OW22-A		Dry	A218821	A-218821	561384	4888890	513.66	1.01	514.67	27.50	486.16	22.80	24.30	490.86	489.36
OW22	OW22-C		Active	A218818	A-218818	561384	4888890	513.66	1.01	514.67	27.50	486.16	26.00	27.50	487.66	486.16
OW23	OW23-A		Dry	A218815	72-88037	560938	4888787	510.31	0.75	511.06	29.50	480.81	18.90	20.40	491.41	489.91
OW23	OW23-C		Active	A218816	72-88036	560938	4888787	510.31	0.75	511.06	29.50	480.81	27.90	29.50	482.41	480.81
Core #3	OW24-H		Inactive	A353622	A-353622	560965	4888558	508.90	0.41	509.31	71.02	437.88	25.00	71.02	483.90	437.88
Core #3	OW24-A		Active	A353622	A-353622	560965	4888558	508.90	0.41	509.31	71.02	437.88	27.52	30.57	481.38	478.33
Core #3	OW24-C		Active	A353622	A-353622	560965	4888558	508.90	0.41	509.31	71.02	437.88	63.64	66.69	445.26	442.21
Core #1	OW25-H		Inactive	A266920	17-04295	561648	4888161	490.62	0.68	491.30	50.47	440.15	4.00	50.47	486.62	440.15
Core #1	OW25-A		Active	A266920	17-04295	561648	4888161	490.62	0.68	491.30	50.47	440.15	16.18	19.23	474.44	471.39
Core #1	OW25-C		Active	A266920	17-04295	561648	4888161	490.62	0.68	491.30	50.47	440.15	43.03	46.08	447.59	444.54
Core #2	OW26-H		Inactive	A353621	A-353621	561231	4887427	499.22	0.40	499.62	62.41	436.81	25.00	62.41	474.22	436.81
Core #2	OW26-A		Active	A353621	A-353621	561231	4887427	499.22	0.40	499.62	62.41	436.81	27.36	30.41	471.86	468.81
Core #2	OW26-C		Active	A353621	A-353621	561231	4887427	499.22	0.40	499.62	62.41	436.81	51.83	54.88	447.39	444.34
OW27-C	OW27-C		Active	A391976	A-391976	560927	4888785	510.26	0.61	510.87	71.88	438.38	68.83	71.88	441.43	438.38
OW28-A	OW28-A		Active	A391975	A-391975	561602	4888675	511.51	1.05	512.56	37.18	474.33	34.13	37.18	477.38	474.33
OW28-C	OW28-C		Active	A391972	A-391972	561602	4888678	510.98	0.35	511.33	67.59	443.39	64.54	67.59	446.44	443.39
OW29-A	OW29-A		Active	A391974	A-391974	561413	4886532	499.80	0.98	500.78	25.96	473.84	22.91	25.96	476.89	473.84
OW29-C	OW29-C		Active	A391973	A-391973	561412	4886533	499.90	0.93	500.83	62.76	437.14	59.71	62.76	440.19	437.14
OW30	OW30-C		Active	A374686	A-374686	561634	4886901	494.35	0.60	494.95	56.62	437.73	53.57	56.62	440.78	437.73
Legacy wells included in compliance reports dating back to 2007. Ground elevation does not correspond to LIDAR nor to the most current survey but to elevations taken from compliance reports.																
MW3	MW3A-04	MW3A	Dry	A006796	17-06273	561740	4887987	508.33	0.70	509.03	22.86	485.47	23.39	26.43	484.94	481.90
MW3	MW3B-04	MW3B	Dry	A006796	17-06273	561740	4887987	508.33	0.70	509.03	22.86	485.47	29.18	32.23	479.15	476.10
MW4	MW4A-04	MW4A	Destroyed	A006827	17-06272	561230	4888243	510.28	0.91	511.19	24.07	486.21	13.64	16.40	496.64	493.88
MW4	MW4B-04	MW4B	Dry	A006827	17-06272	561230	4888243	510.28	0.91	511.19	24.07	486.21	18.53	21.58	491.75	488.70
MW7	MW7A-07		Destroyed	A047147	71-06065	561284	4887645	507.00	--	--	18.28	--	4.20	7.25	502.80	499.75
MW7	MW7B-07		Destroyed	A047147	71-06065	561284	4887645	507.00	--	--	18.28	--	14.26	17.31	492.74	489.69
MW9	MW9-A	MW9A	Destroyed	A115096	71-85598	561634	4887857	498.35	--	--	8.23	--	1.46	4.51	496.89	493.84
MW9	MW9-B	MW9B	Destroyed	A115096	71-85598	561634	4887857	498.35	--	--	8.23	--	4.81	7.86	493.54	490.49
MW10	MW10-A	MW10A	Destroyed	A115117	71-78110	561271	4887681	500.63	0.80	501.43	10.80	489.83	4.13	6.13	496.50	494.50
MW10	MW10-B	MW10B	Destroyed	A115117	71-78110	561271	4887681	500.63	0.80	501.43	10.80	489.83	7.63	10.43	493.00	490.20
Domestic wells currently involved in the Target Participation Area (TPA) for long-term monitoring. Elevation obtained from Provincial LIDAR coverage.																
DW1	DW1		Active	A000438	17-06362	562951	4886286	479.67	--	--	11.60	--	--	--	--	--
DW2	DW2		Active	A104771	71-99024	562704	4888248	482.36	--	--	44.80	--	--	--	--	--
DW3	DW3		Active	--	--	562373	4887677	493.92	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
DW4	DW4		Active	A051672	71-22047	562197	4890008	486.02	--	--	24.40	--	--	--	--	--
DW5	DW5		Active	--	--	559538	4889095	517.26	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Notes: ¹ Originally surveyed on the vertical datum CGVD28, then converted to CGVD13 using the Canada Geoid Model HT2_2010v70 (CGVD28), and the NAD83 Canada Molodensky Transformation.

² The ground elevations of destroyed monitoring locations were assumed to be in the CGVD28 datum and a gross conversion factor of (0.37m) was applied to the original elevations.

³ (-H) Suffix refers to initial open hole condition at the borehole. A water level timeseries was measured during this period and labeled -H as well.

4 Maximum Predicted Water Table Elevation

A Predicted Maximum Groundwater Level map was prepared utilizing the highest groundwater elevations measured on-site to date. The highest groundwater elevations are shown on Figure 13.

The high groundwater in both the A/B and C Series wells range from 500.0 m asl towards the western limits of the property to 483.0 m asl towards the eastern limits of the property.

The quarry floor will be graded in a generally westerly direction with a maximum elevation 441.5 m asl to the west and 437.9 m asl to the east.



Figure 1: Proposed Strad Pit/Quarry Phase 1 Extraction Scenario

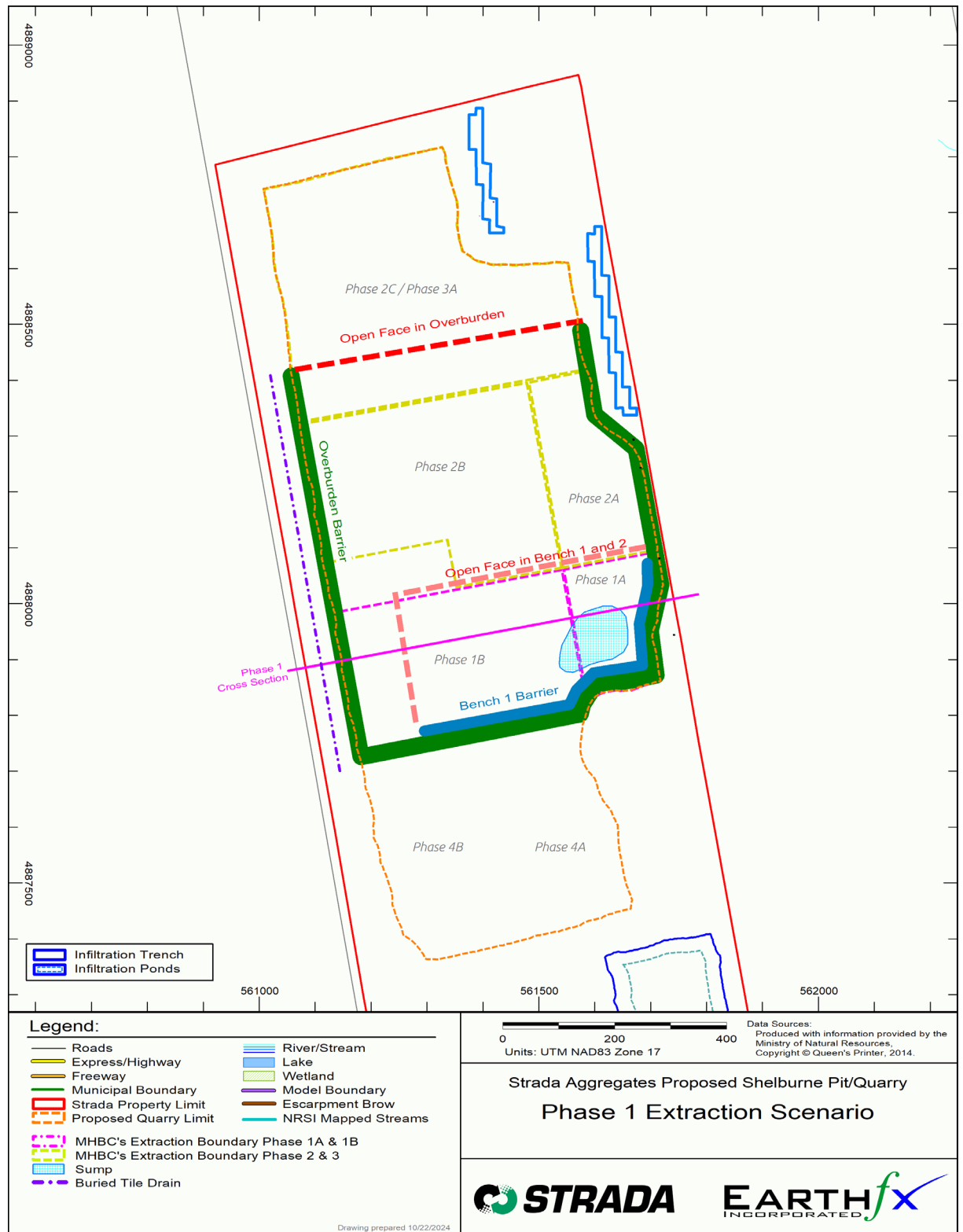


Figure 2: Proposed Strada Pit/Quarry Phase 1 Extraction Scenar-W Section

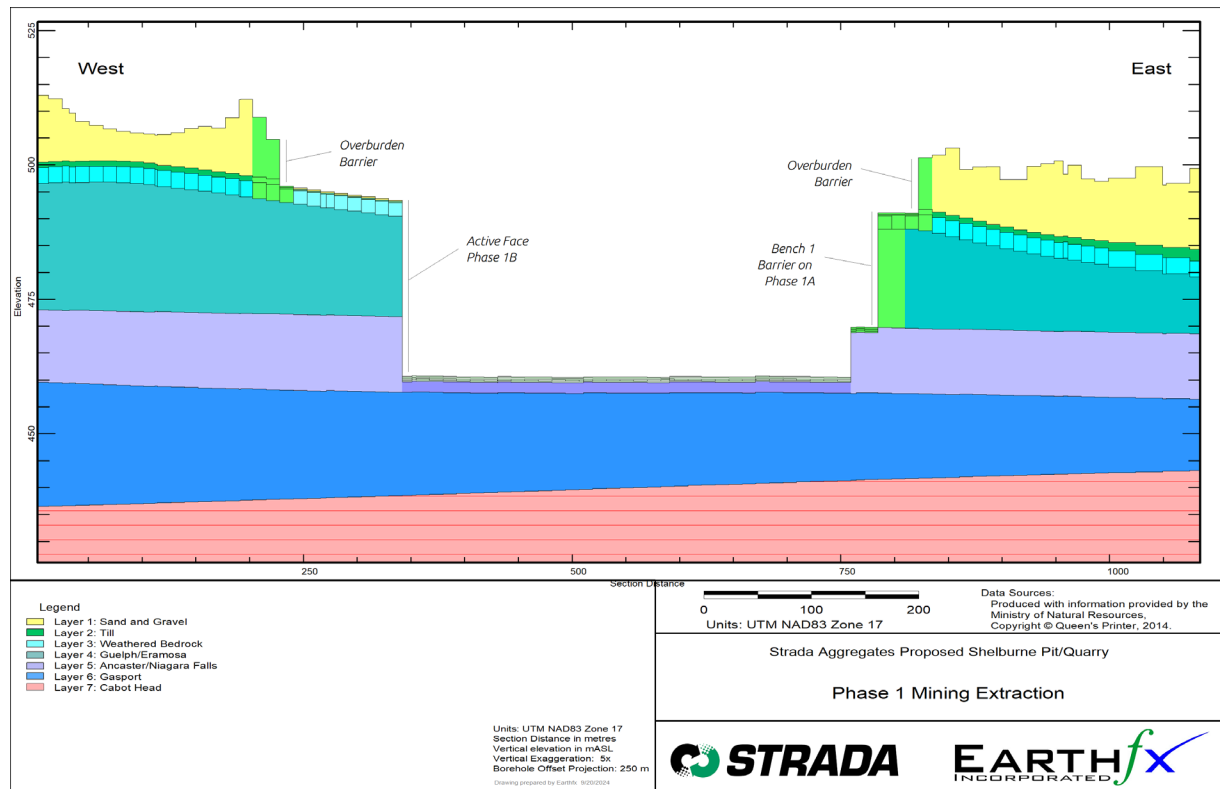


Figure 3: Proposed Strada Pit/Quarry Phase 2C Extraction Scenario

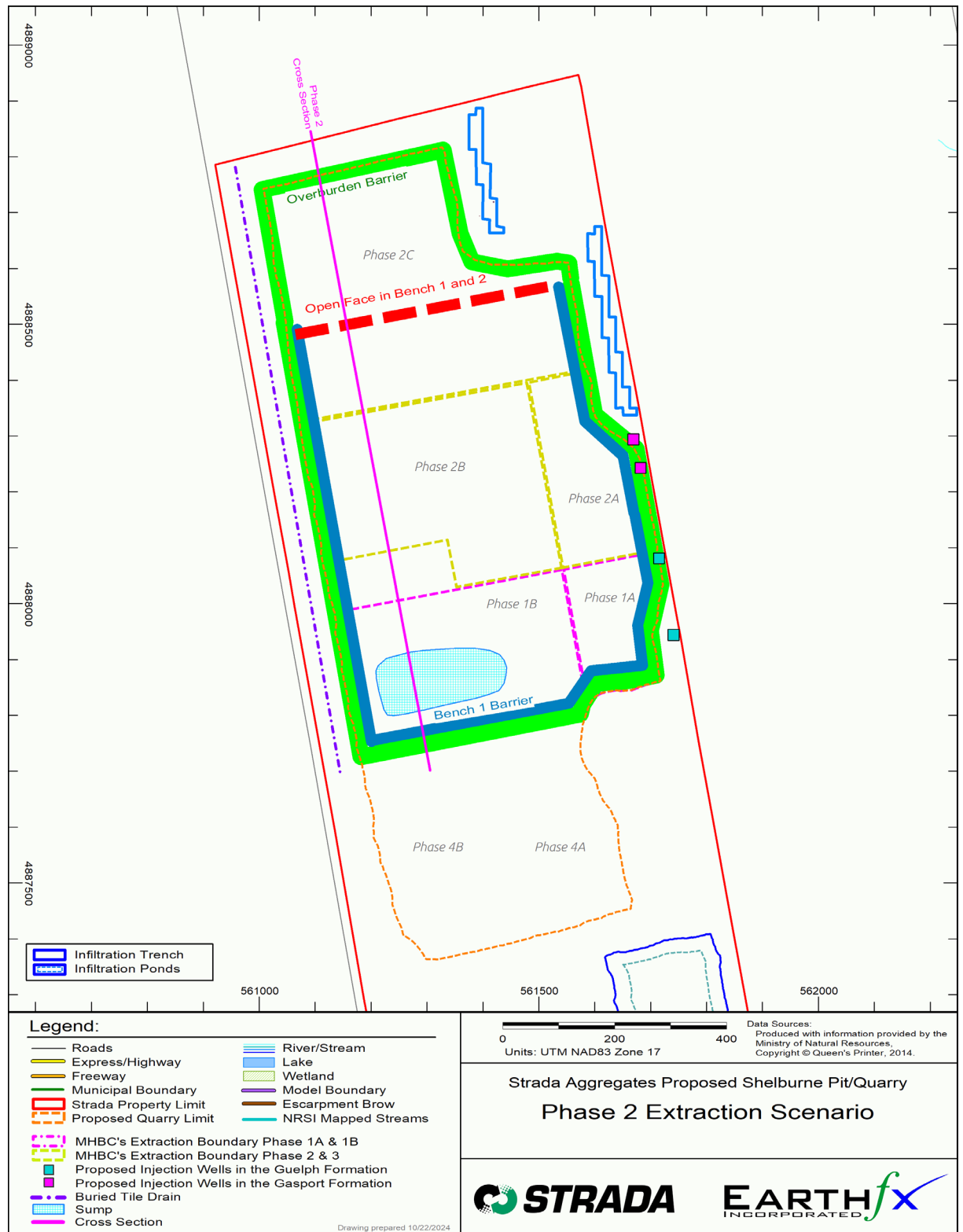


Figure 4: Proposed Strada Pit/Quarry Phase 2C Extraction Scenario N-S Section

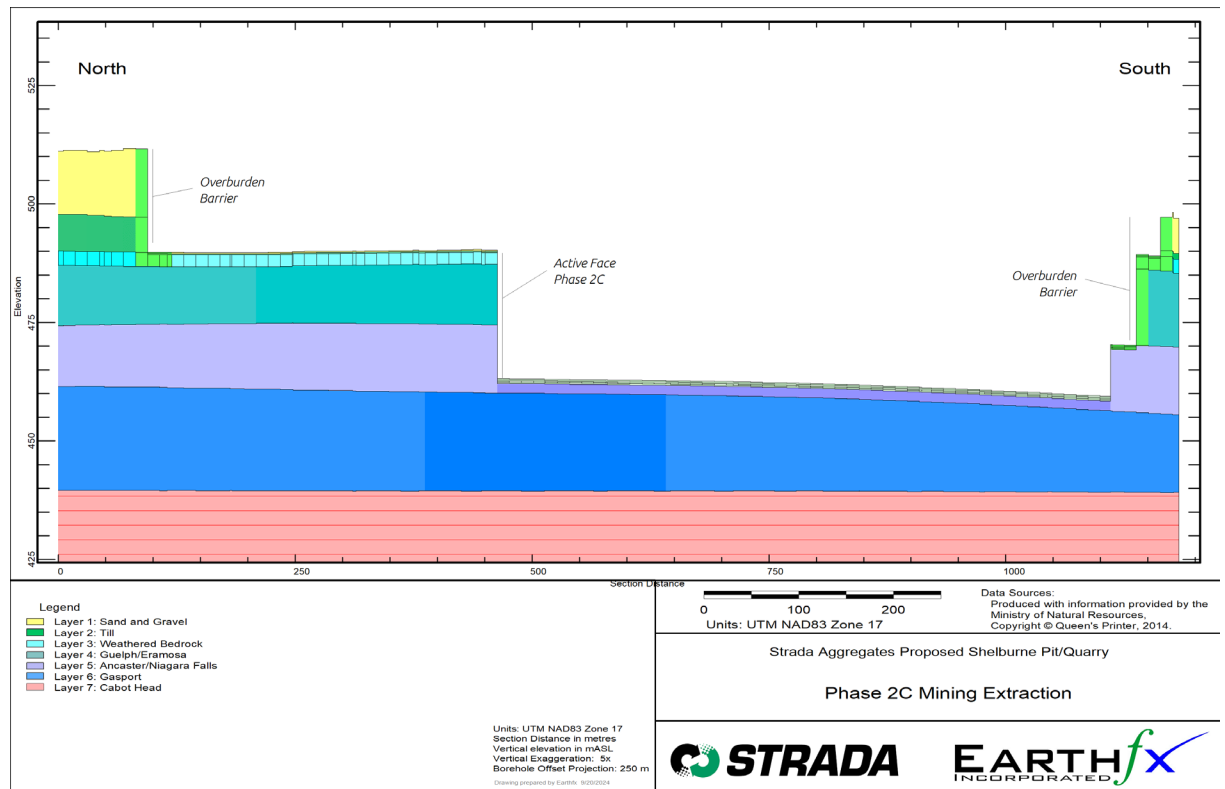


Figure 6: Proposed Strada Pit/Quarry Phase 4A Extraction Scenario N-S Section

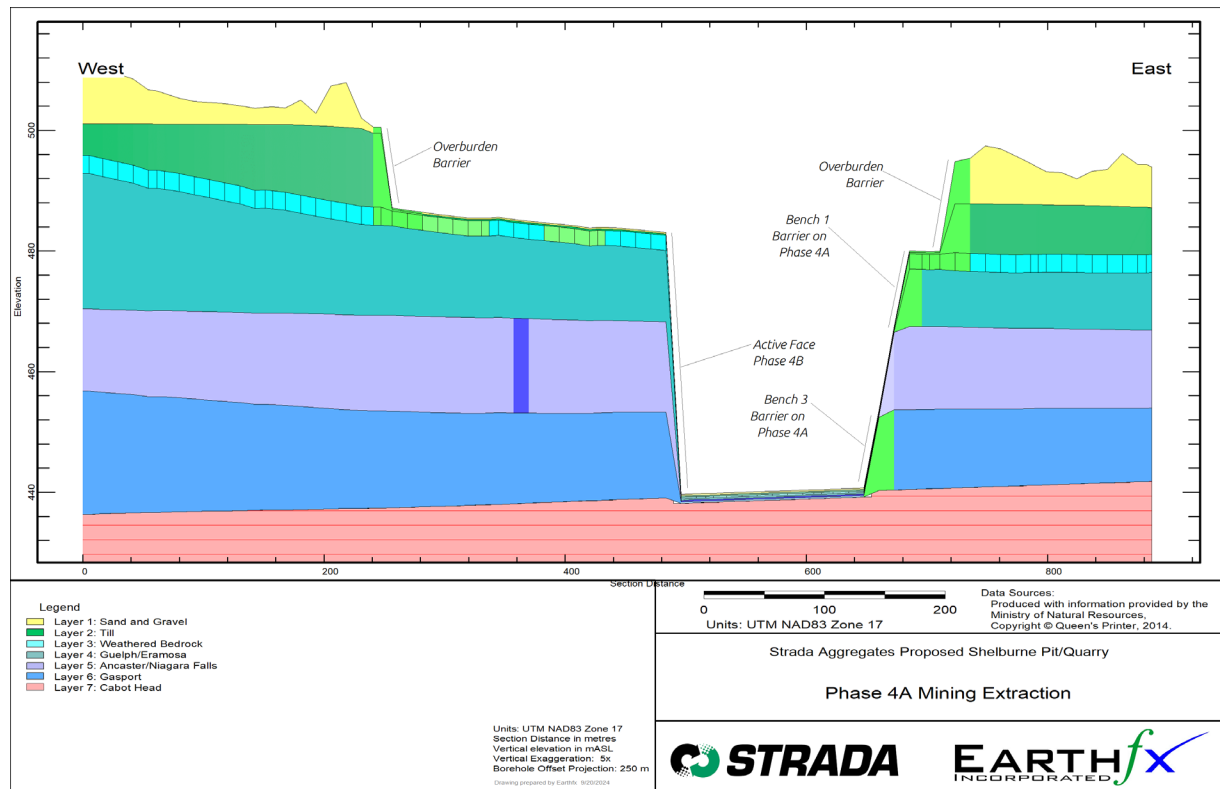


Figure 7: Proposed Strada Pit/Quarry Rehabilitation (Rehab) Scenario

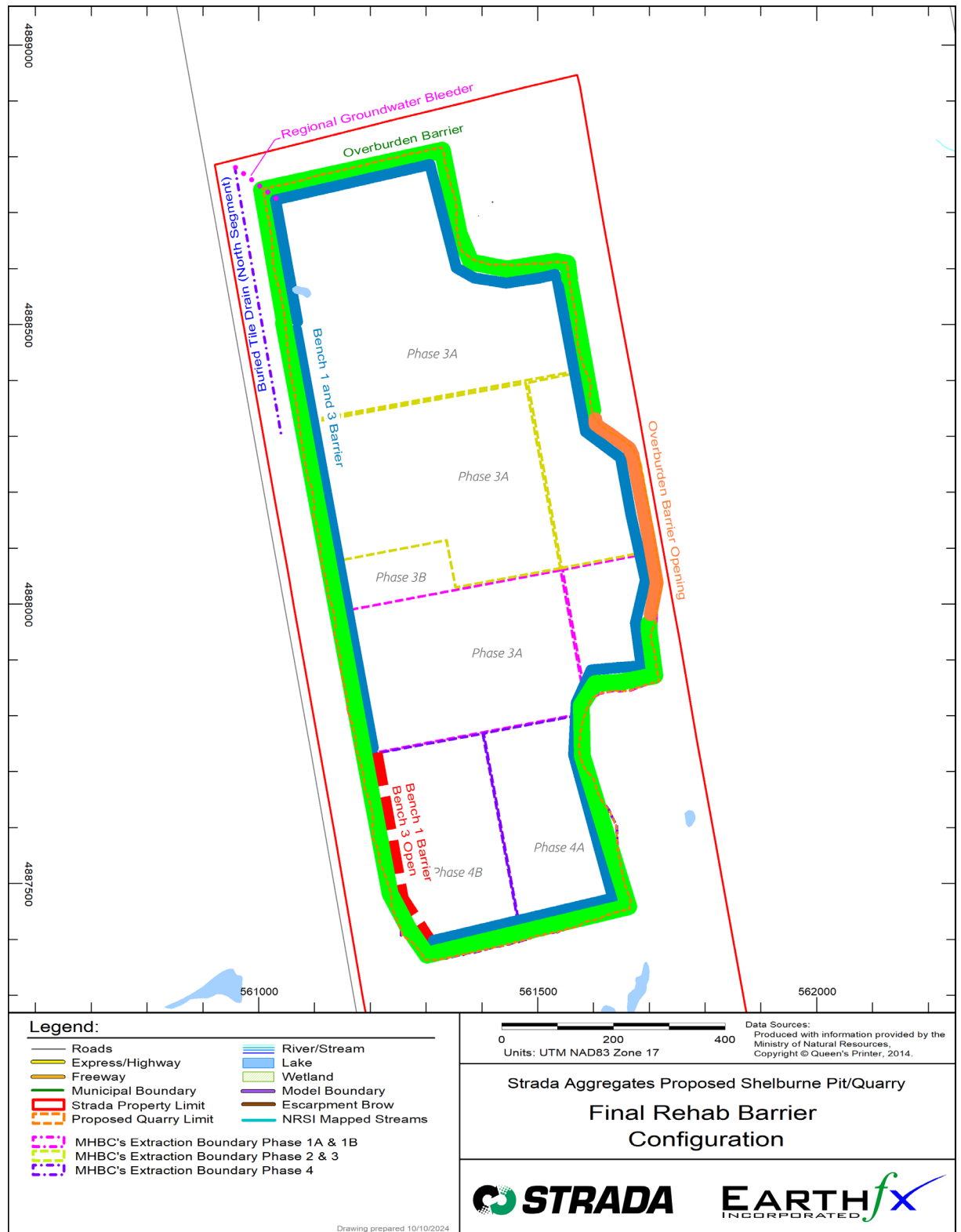


Figure 8: Proposed Strada Pit/Quarry Infiltration Features

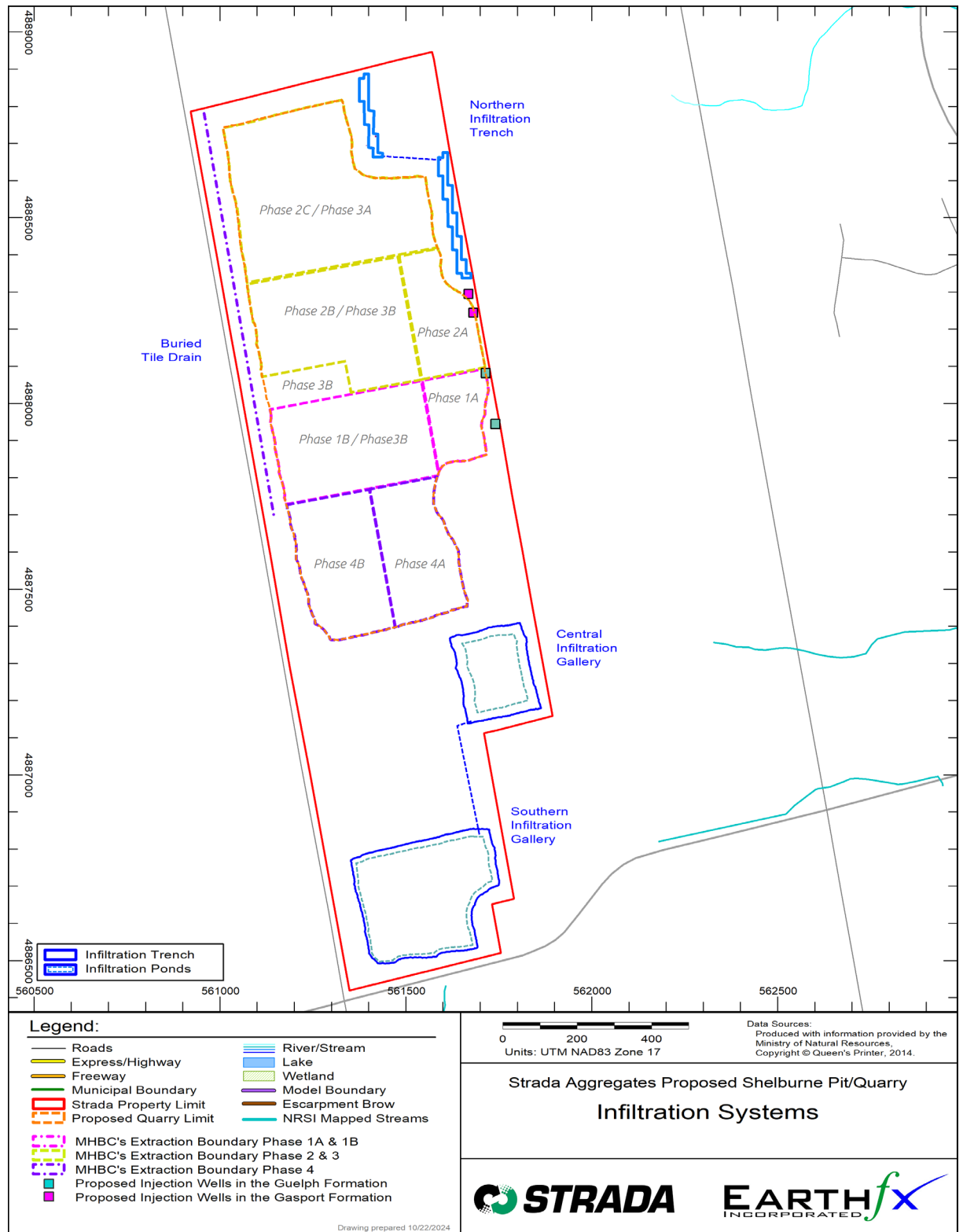


Figure 9: On-Site Groundwater Monitoring Wells

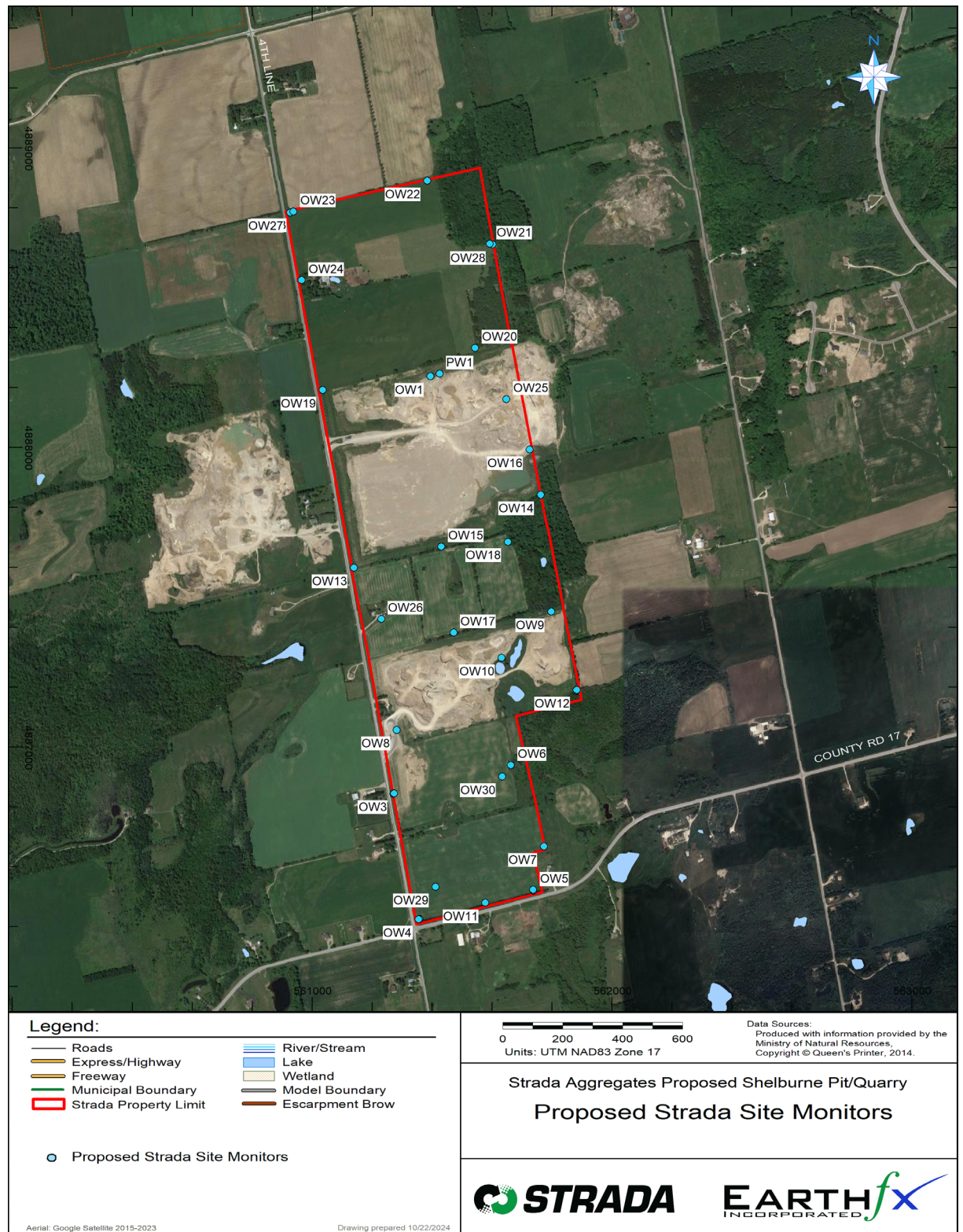


Figure 10: Hydrograph of Bedrock Water Levels (C Series) Across the Site

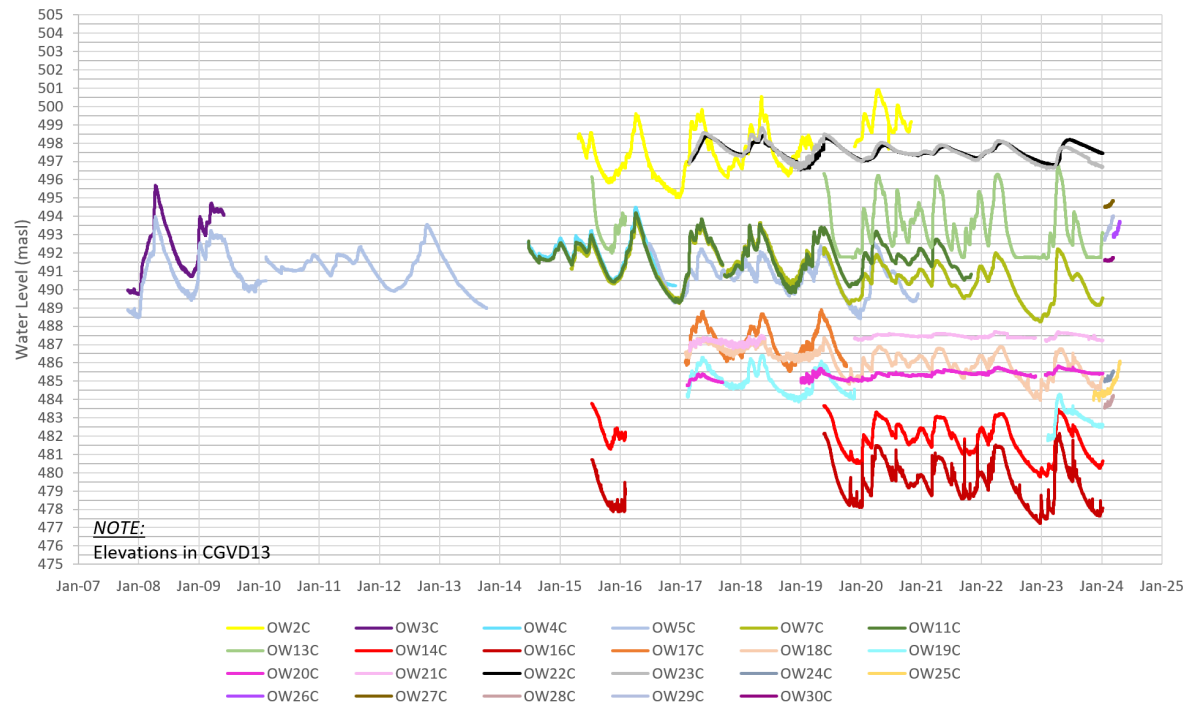


Figure 11: Hydrograph of Intermediate Series “B” Wells Across the Site

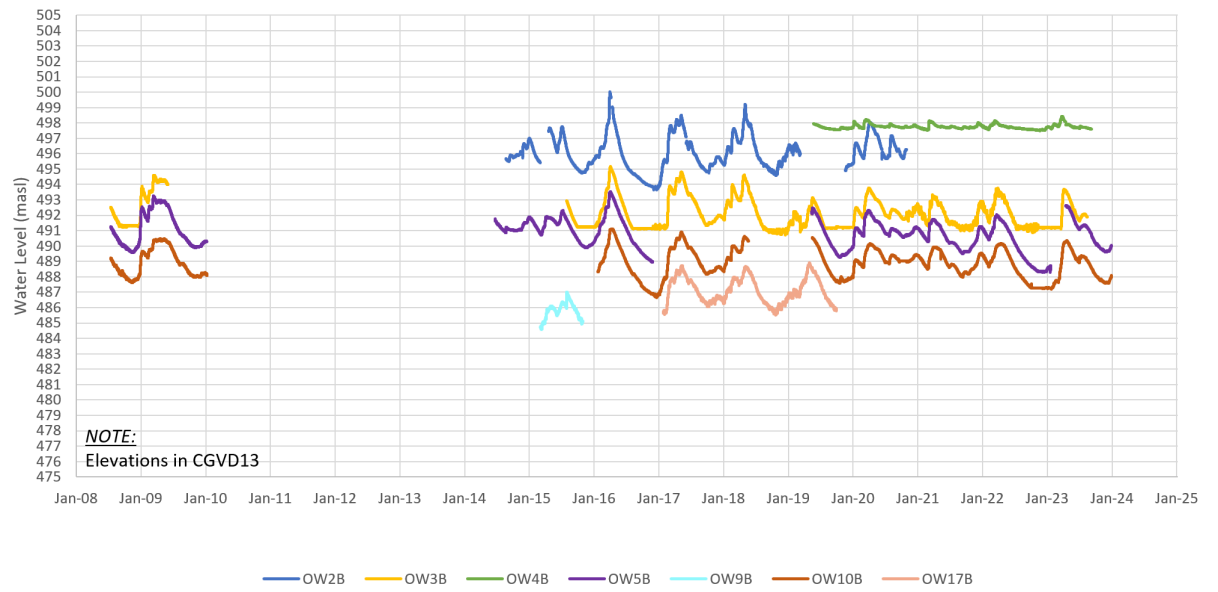
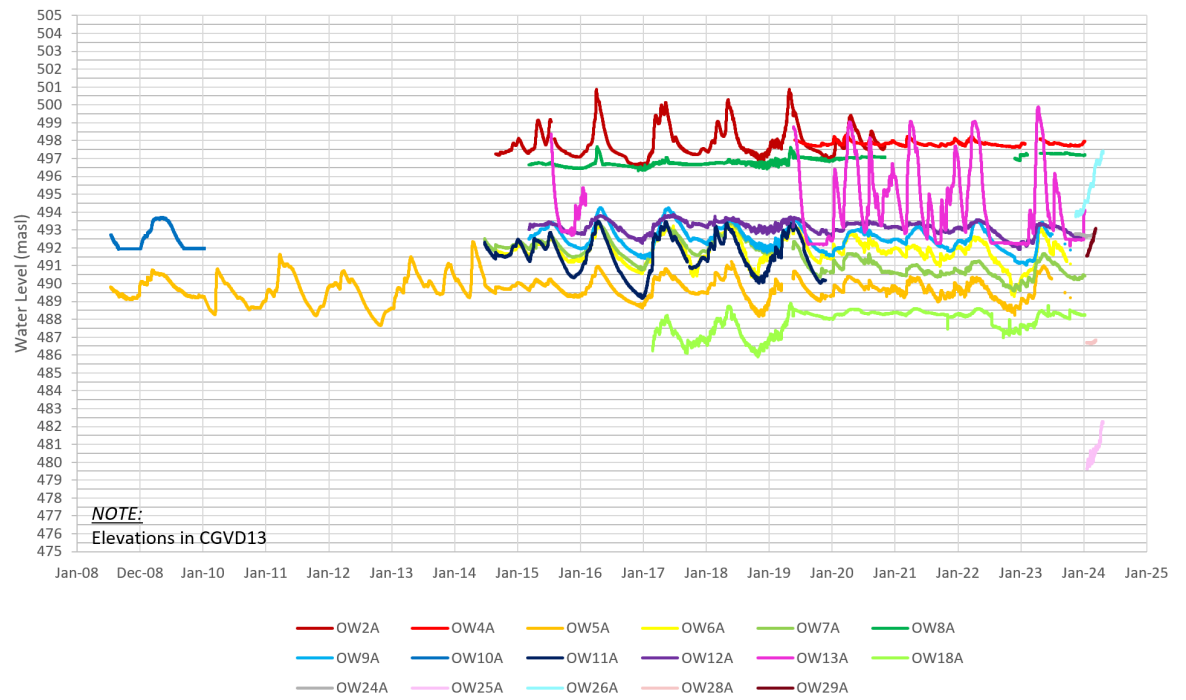


Figure 12: Hydrograph of Intermediate Series "A" Wells Across the Site



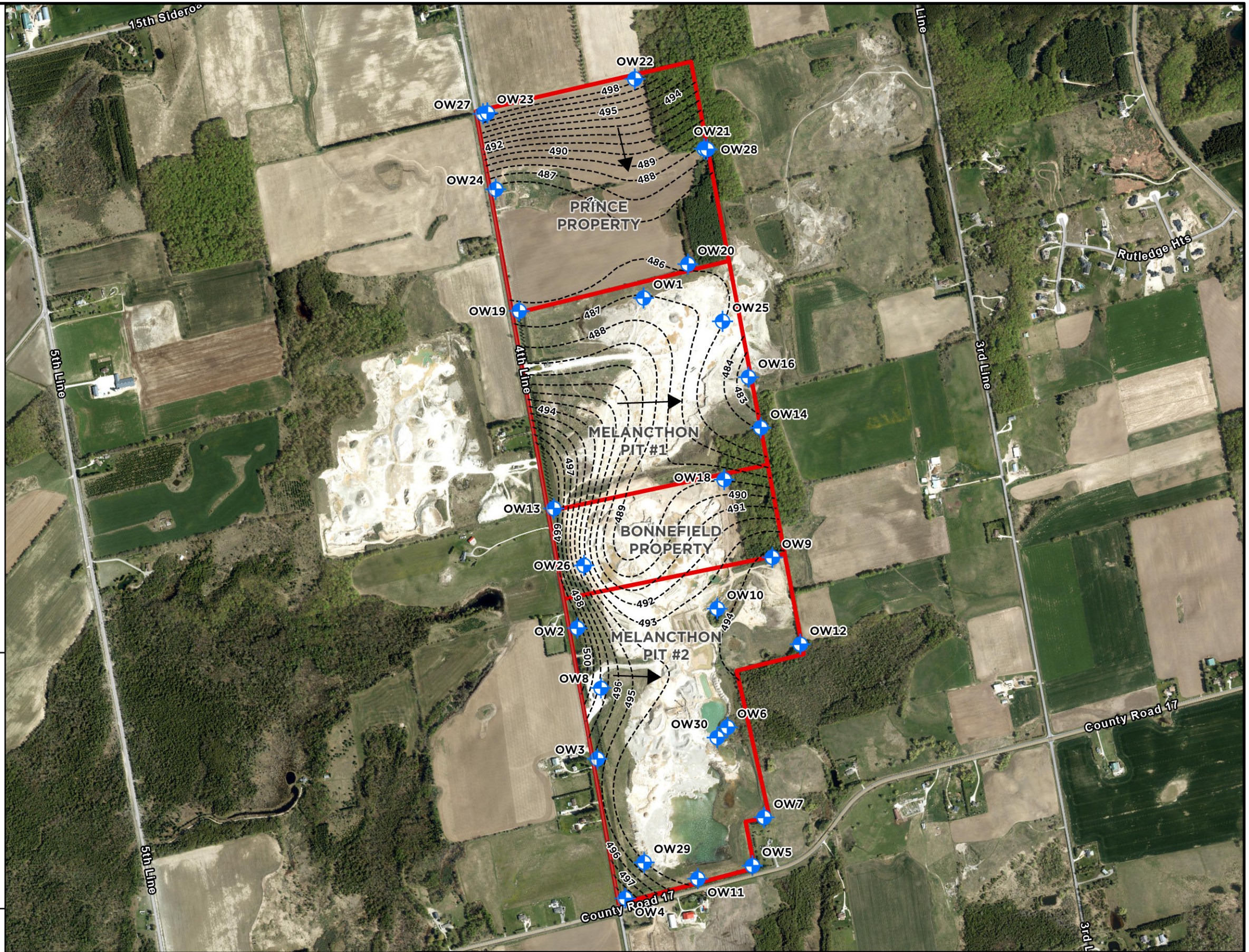


LEGEND

- SITE
- MONITORING WELLS
- PREDICTED GROUNDWATER COMBINED

NOTES:

1. COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N
2. CONTAINS INFORMATION LICENSED UNDER THE OPEN GOVERNMENT LICENSE - ONTARIO.



TATHAM
ENGINEERING

STRADA AGGREGATES PROPOSED SHELBERNE PIT/QUARRY
PREDICTED MAXIMUM GROUNDWATER LEVEL

SCALE: 1:12,000

DRAWN: AO

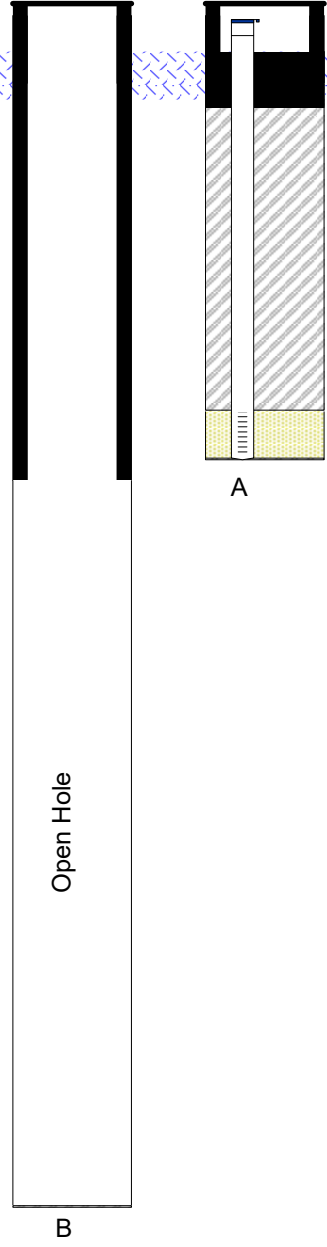
DATE: JAN. 2025

DWG. No.

FIG-13

JOB NO. 123016

Appendix A: Borehole Logs

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-4				 <p>The diagram shows a well with an open hole section (B) and a cased section (A). The casing is shown with different patterns for different materials. The well is labeled 'Open Hole' and 'A' and 'B'.</p>
0	508		TOP SOIL	
4	504		SILTY SAND: Brown, occasional stone, loose, dry	
8	500		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
12	496			
16	492		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay with stones, dense to soft, damp	
20	488			
24	484			
28	480			
32	476			
36	472			
40	468			
44	464			
48	460		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous	
52	456			
56	452			
60	448			
64	444			
68	440			
72	436		CABOT HEAD SHALE: Green, soft, damp	
76	432			

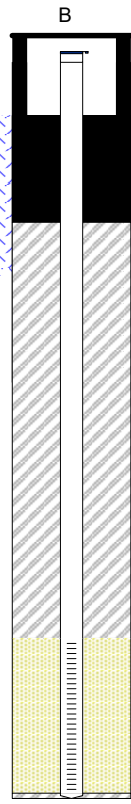
Drilling Date: March 2007 / April 2008

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,689

Northing: 4,887,097

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-2	506			
0	504		TOP SOIL	
2	502		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
4	500			
6	498			
8	496		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay with stones, dense to soft, damp	
10	494			
12	492		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous, weathered upper surface of bedrock	
14	490			
16	488			
18	486			
20				

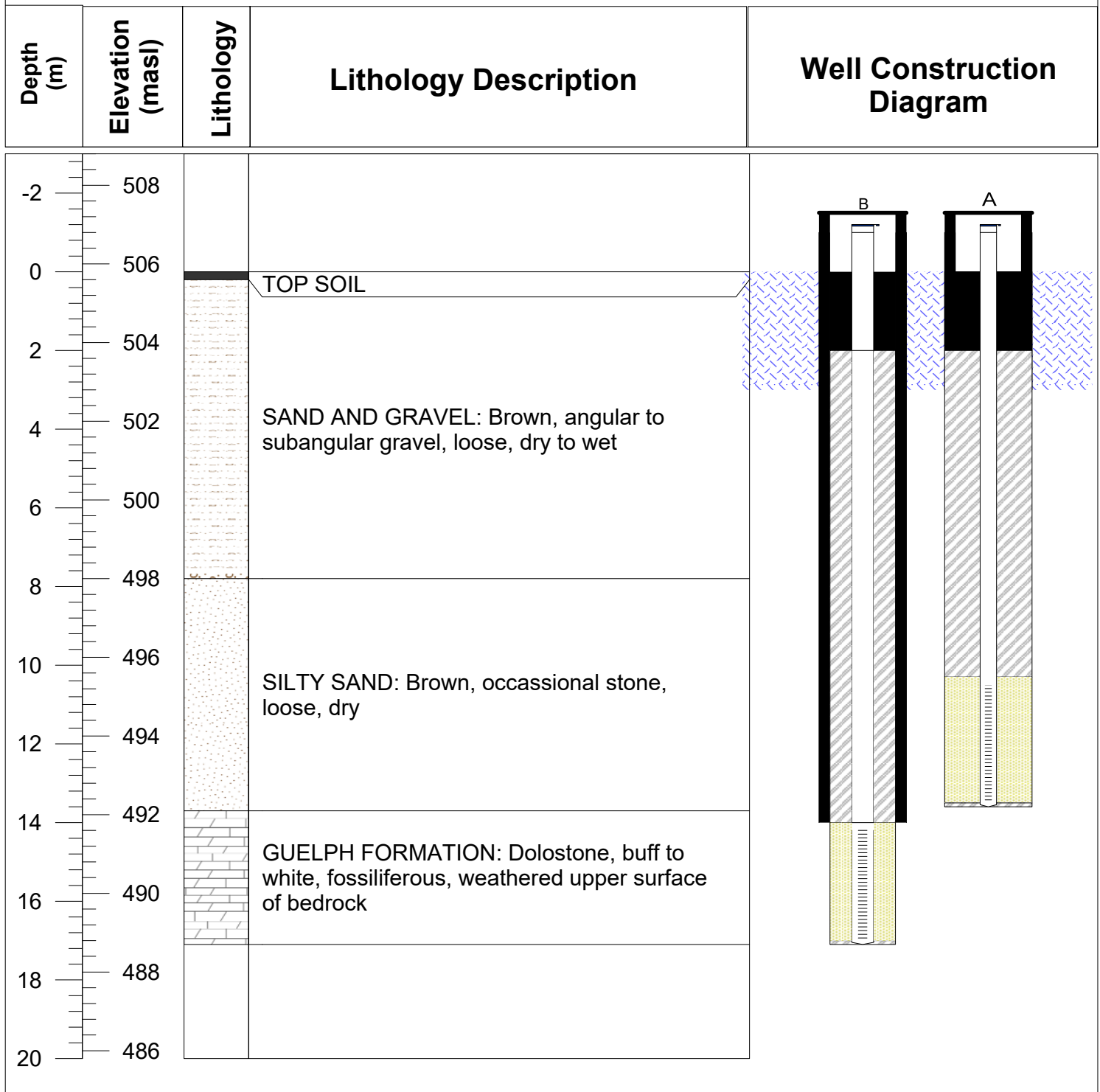
Drilling Date: March 2007 / April 2008

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,272

Northing: 4,886,849



Drilling Date: March 2007 / April 2008

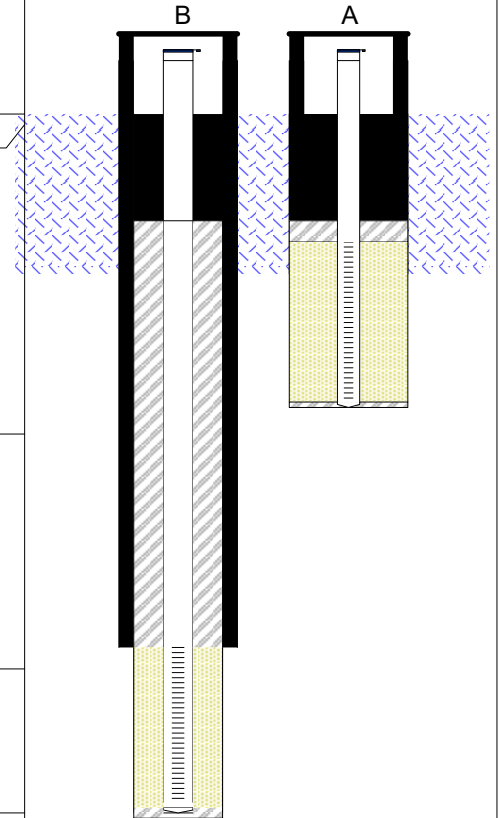
Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,313

Northing: 4,886,400

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-4				
-2	496			
0	494		TOP SOIL	
2	492		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
4	490			
6	488			
8	486		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay with stones, dense to soft, damp	
10	484			
12	482		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous, weathered upper surface of bedrock	
14	480			
16	478			
18	476			
20	474			



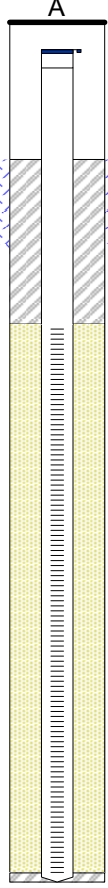
Drilling Date: March 2007 / April 2008

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,742

Northing: 4,886,523

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-2	497			
-1	496			
0	495			
1	494		SILTY SAND: Brown, occasional stone, loose, dry	
2	493			
3	492			
4	491			
5	490		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
6	489			
7	488			
8	487			
9	486			
10	485			
11	484			
12	483			

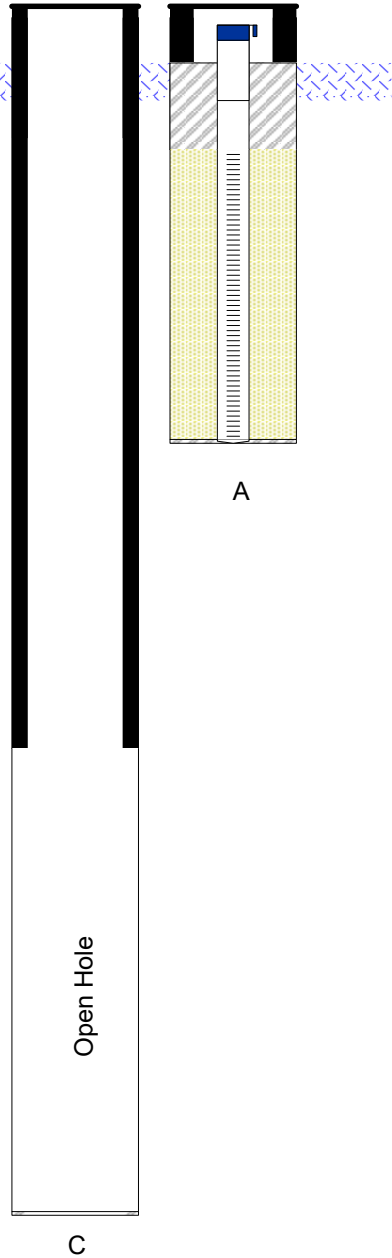
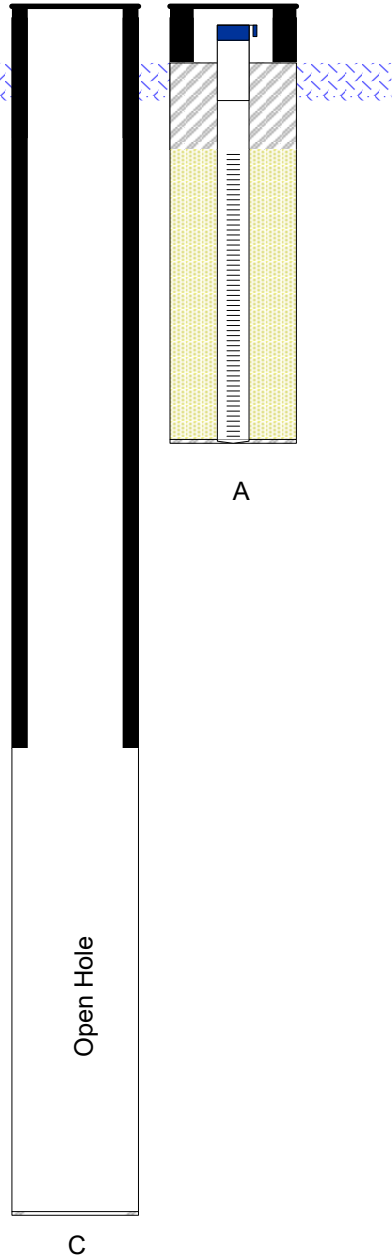
Drilling Date: Jun-15

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,660

Northing: 4,886,939

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-2	498			
0	496			
2	494		SILTY SAND: Brown, occasional stone, loose, dry	
4	492			
6	490		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
8	488			
10	486			
12	484		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay with stones, dense to soft, damp	
14	482			
16	480			
18	478			
20	476			
22	474		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous, weathered upper surface of bedrock	
24	472			
26	470			
28	468			
30	466			
32				

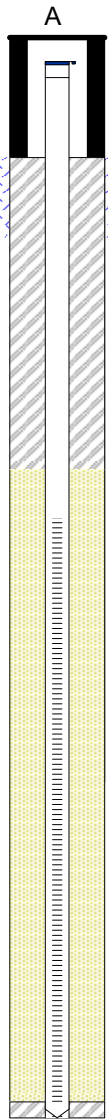
Drilling Date: Jun-15

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting:

Northing:

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-2				
-1	497			
0	496			
1	495		SILTY SAND: Brown, occasional stone, loose, dry	
2	494			
3	493			
4	492			
5	491			
6	490			
7	489		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
8	488			
9	487			
10	486			
11	485			
12	484			
13	483			
14	482			

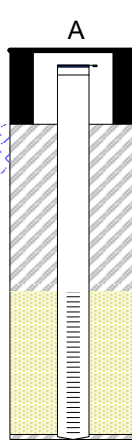
Drilling Date: Jun-15

Drilling Company: Lantech Drilling Services

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,881

Northing: 4,887,192

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-2	498			
0	496			
2	494			
4	492			
6	490			
8	488			
10	486			
12	484			
14	482			
16	480			
18	478			
20	476			
22				

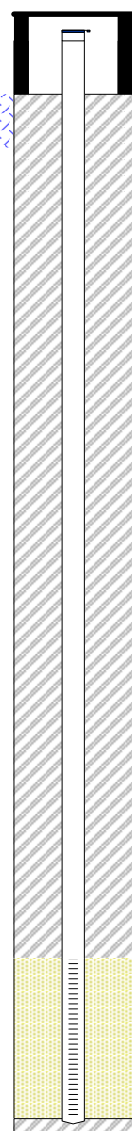
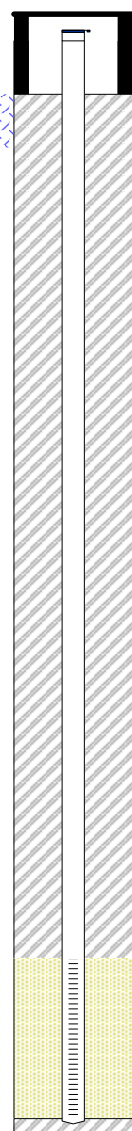
Drilling Date: March 2007 / April 2008

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,806

Northing: 4,887,468

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-2	496			
0	494		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
2	492			
4	490		SILTY CLAY: Brown, compact, moist	
6	488			
8	486		SILTY SAND: Brown, occasional stone, loose, dry	
10	484			
12	482			
14	480		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay with stones, dense to soft, damp	
16	478			
18	476			
20	474		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous, weathered upper surface of bedrock	
22				

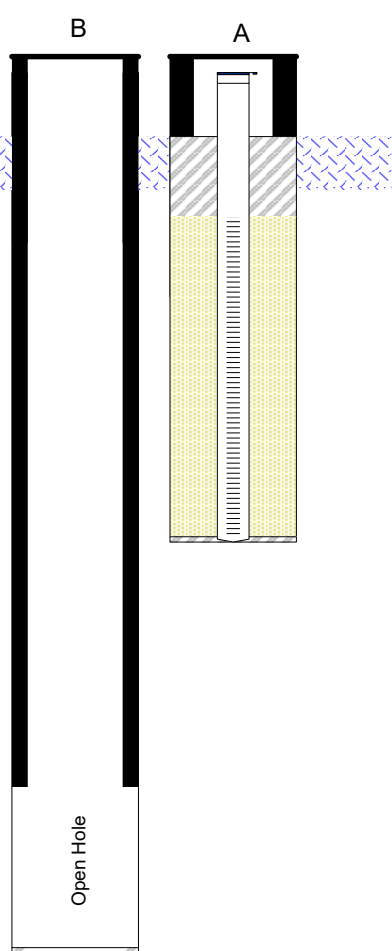
Drilling Date: March 2007 / April 2008

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,628

Northing: 4,887,239

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
498	498			
496	496			
494	494		SILTY SAND: Brown, occasional stone, loose, dry	
492	492			
490	490		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
488	488			
486	486		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay with stones, dense to soft, damp	
484	484			
482	482		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous, weathered upper surface of bedrock	
480	480			
478	478			
476	476			

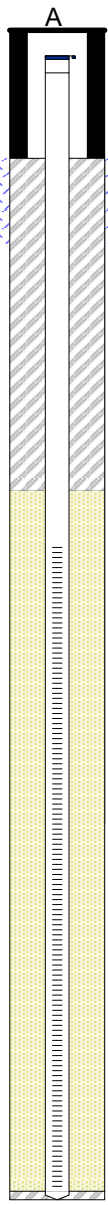
Drilling Date: Jun-15

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,571

Northing: 488,477

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-2				
-1	507			
0	506			
1	505		SILTY SAND: Brown, occassional stone, loose, dry	
2	504			
3	503			
4	502			
5	501			
6	500			
7	499		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
8	498			
9	497			
10	496			
11	495			
12	494			
13	493			

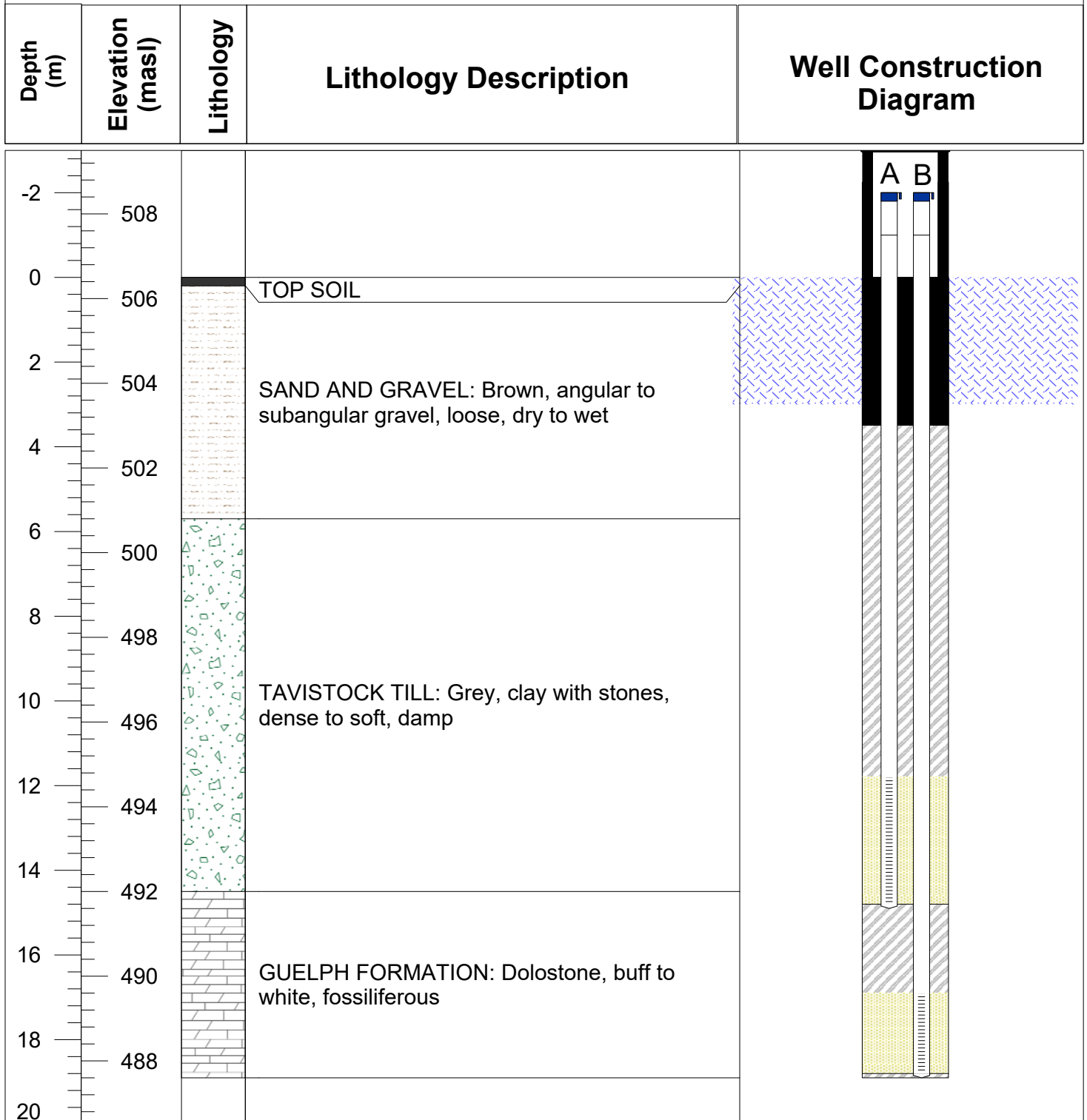
Drilling Date: Jun-15

Drilling Company: Lantech Drilling Services

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,282

Northing: 4,887,057



Drilling Date: Dec-01

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling



Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,145

Northing: 4,887,604

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-2	498			
0	496		TOP SOIL	
2	494			
4	492			
6	490		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
8	488			
10	486			
12	484			
14	482			
16	480		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous, weathered upper surface of bedrock	
18	478			
20	476			
22				

Drilling Date: Aug-04

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,769

Northing: 4,887,847

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-2	512			
0	510		TOP SOIL	
2	508			
4	506			
6	504			
8	502			
10	500			
12	498		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
14	496			
16	494			
18	492			
20	490			
22	488			
24	486			
26	484		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous, weathered upper surface of bedrock	
28	482			
30	480			


Drilling Date: Aug-04

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,431

Northing: 4,887,669

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-4	500			
-2	498			
0	496			
2	494		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
4	492			
6	490			
8	488			
10	486			
12	484			
14	482			
16	480		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous, weathered upper surface of bedrock	
18	478			
20	476			
22	474			
24	472			
26	470			
28	468			

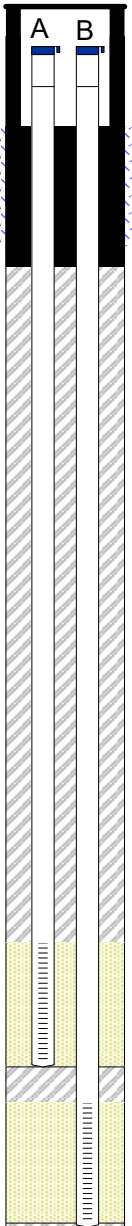
Drilling Date: Jun-12

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting:

Northing:

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-4	506			
-2	504			
0	502		TOP SOIL	
2	500			
4	498			
6	496		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
8	494			
10	492			
12	490			
14	488			
16	486			
18	484		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay with stones, dense to soft, damp	
20	482			
22	480			
24	478		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous	
26	476			
28				

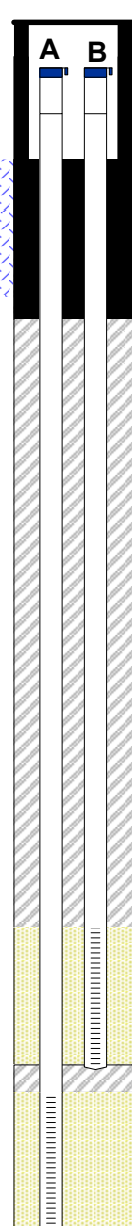
Drilling Date: 28-Sep

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,472

Northing: 4,887,382

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-4	504			
-2	502			
0	500		TOP SOIL	
2	498			
4	496			
6	494		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
8	492			
10	490			
12	488			
14	486			
16	484		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay with stones, dense to soft, damp	
18	482			
20	480			
22	478		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous	
24				

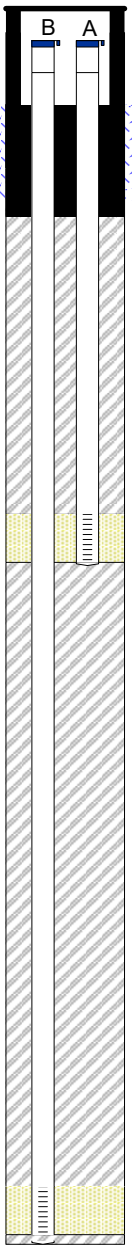
Drilling Date: 28-Sep

Drilling Company: Keith Lang Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,653

Northing: 4,887,686

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-4	512			
-2	510			
0	508		TOP SOIL	
2	506		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
4	504			
6	502			
8	500		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay and silt with stones, dense to soft, damp	
10	498			
12	496			
14	494			
16	492			
18	490			
20	488			
22	486			
24	484		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous	
26	482			
28	480			
30	478			
32	476			
34	474			
36				

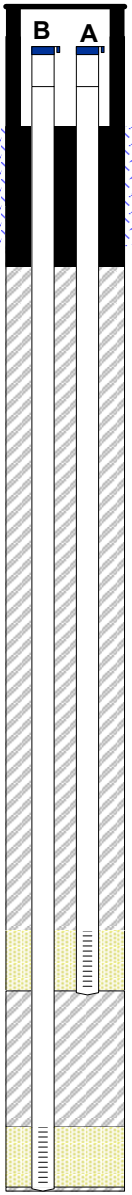
Drilling Date: Feb-17

Drilling Company: Highland Water Well Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,035

Northing: 4,888,193

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-4	512			
-2	510			
0	508		TOP SOIL	
2	506			
4	504			
6	502			
8	500			
10	498		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet	
12	496			
14	494			
16	492			
18	490			
20	488			
22	486			
24	484		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous	
26	482			
28				

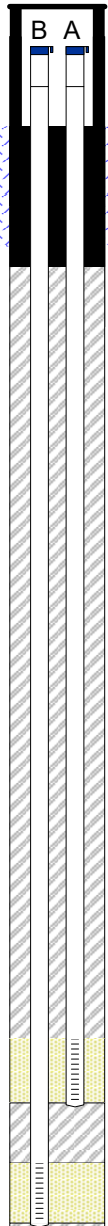
Drilling Date: Feb-17

Drilling Company: Highland Water Well Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,544

Northing: 4,888,334

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-4	516			
-2	514			
0	512		TOP SOIL	
2	510			
4	508			
6	506			
8	504		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet, some silt	
10	502			
12	500			
14	498			
16	496			
18	494		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay and silt with stones, dense to soft, damp, silt and gravel layer at base	
20	492			
22	490			
24	488			
26	486		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous	
28				


Drilling Date: Feb-17

Drilling Company: Highland Water Well Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 561,384

Northing: 4,888,891

Depth (m)	Elevation (masl)	Lithology	Lithology Description	Well Construction Diagram
-4	512			
-2	510			
0	510		TOP SOIL	
2	508			
4	506			
6	504		SAND AND GRAVEL: Brown, angular to subangular gravel, loose, dry to wet, some silt	
8	502			
10	500			
12	498			
14	496			
16	494		TAVISTOCK TILL: Grey, clay and silt with stones, dense to soft, damp,	
18	492			
20	490			
22	488			
24	486			
26	484		GUELPH FORMATION: Dolostone, buff to white, fossiliferous	
28	482			
30	480			


Drilling Date: Feb-17

Drilling Company: Highland Water Well Drilling

Location: Township of Melancthon

Easting: 560,938

Northing: 4,888,788

				Location Name: OW24 Location ID: -2147483403 Master ID: -2147483403 Original Name/ID: Alt Name: Core #3 Location: E: 560965.02 N: 4888558.315 QA: 1		
Lot: Con: Rgn/Cnty: Muni. Gnd Elev: 508.9 masl Elev. QA Code: Depth: 71.02 m Drill Date:				Pump test rate: Test Start: to Recommended Rate: at Depth m Purpose: , BH Diameter: Drill Method:		
Metres	Picks	MOE Material 1	MOE Material 2	MOE Material 3	Screens	Geo Description
500		TILL	SAND SILT			OVERBURDEN (TILL): mix of sand, silt, boulders, gravel (detailed lognot obtained)
490	490.24 Top of Bedrock - Guelph	DOLOSTONE	CRYSTALLINE			Guelph: Dolostone, white to greyish pink on drill surface on broken surface white, fine crystalline and sucrosic, medium to thick bedded, porous quickly soaking up water drop, small vugs 1-2 mm and occasional large vugs to 30 mm, sometimes filled with poorly cemented dolomite xtals, and sometimes empty. Absence of natural breaks that have a black stylolitic shale surface.-
480	477.31 476.81 Eramosa Goat Island - Ancaster	DOLOSTONE	CHERT		SCREEN OW24-A	64' - 65' and 72' - 74' many large vugs incipient reef/ biohermal? - 92' - 92" 6" and 100' breccia/collapse.- Bottom contact marked by start of stylolitic leaves and gradational colour change.
470	466.27 Goat Island - Niagara Falls Lions Head	DOLOSTONE	CRYSTALLINE			Eramosa Goat Island, Ancaster Member. (chert beds): Dolostone, light grey on drill surface and light brownish grey on broken surface becoming light grey lower in section on broken surface, fine crystalline, medium to thick bedded, natural breaks have black stylolitic shale surface, less porous than overlying Guelph based on rate of water absorption. Frequent vugs to 30 mm filled either with chert or soft weakly cemented dolomite and at 105' 10" 3 inch vug filled with coarse crystalline calcite. Faint bituminous smell on freshly broken surfaces.
460	461.5 Gasport	DOLOSTONE	POROUS		SCREEN OW24-H (Original open hole)	Goat Island, Niagara Falls Member: Dolostone, very light grey on drill surface and pinkish grey on broken surface with medium bluish grey coloured bands, fine crystalline but finer than Ancaster, thick to massive bedded, low porosity and general absence of vugs.
450		DOLOSTONE	POROUS			Gasport: Dolostone, very light grey on drill surface and pinkish grey on broken surface with medium bluish grey coloured bands wider but less defined than in overlying Niagara, fine crystalline, thick to massive bedded, porous, vugs 1-3 mm. 155' 5' to 168' 3" (approximate) possible incipient reef / bioherm, large vugs with partial dolomite filling or containing well formed calcite crystals to 5-10 mm. Below this typical Gasport encrinite texture.- Note: Gasport section in hole 3 is thicker than in hole 2 due to possible reef formation.
440	442.01 Irondequoit	DOLOSTONE	SHALE		SCREEN OW24-C	IRM: Dolostone, Pinkish grey with medium bluish grey on wet broken surface, fine crystalline, thick bedded, occ irregular stylolitic seams, porous and vugs. Contact is defined by marked increase in bluish grey banding going downwards. 230' 5" 3 inch shale. Note shale seams in IRM are rip up clasts of underlying Cabot Head shale.
	438.13 Cabot Head	SHALE	SOFT			Cabot Head: Shale, dark grey, soft, aphanitic, fissile and soft



Location Name: OW25

Location ID: -2147483405

Master ID: -2147483405

Original Name/ID:

Alt Name: Core #1

Location: E: 561647.683 N: 4888161.257 QA: 1

Lot: Con:
Rgn/Cnty:
Muni.
Gnd Elev: 490.62 masl Elev. QA Code:
Depth: 50.47 m Drill Date:

Pump test rate:
Test Start: to
Recommended Rate: at Depth m
Purpose: ,
BH Diameter: Drill Method:

Metres	Picks	MOE Material 1	MOE Material 2	Screens	Geo Description
490		OVERBURDEN			Overburden (no recovery)
486.61	Top of Bedrock - Guelph				Guelph Formation: Dolostone, light brown grey to pinkish grey, fine crystalline, vuggy- (due to fossils), strong, porous with water easily soaking into surface, thick to medium bedded.
480		DOLOSTONE	CRYSTALLINE		
472.28	Eramosa	DOLOSTONE	CRYSTALLINE	SCREEN OW25-A	Eramosa Formation: Dolostone, light brownish grey to greyish orange pink, fine-crystalline, vuggy (due to fossils), strong, less porous than above, thick to medium bedded. Gradational change to underlying Eramosa with decreased porosity and increased stylolites on going deeper. Good RQD.
470.93	Goat Island - Ancaster	DOLOSTONE	BEDDED		Goat Island Formation Chert Beds: Dolostone as above. Colour change to pale yellowish brown and oil-smell when freshly broken. Bedding planes have soft black surfaces. Upper Goat Island? Lower porosity below here based on water absorption on drill core surface. It is an encrinurite i.e. composed largely of crinoid debris that has recrystallized.
462.93	Goat Island - Niagara Falls	DOLOSTONE		SCREEN OW25-H (Original open hole)	Niagara Falls
455.92	Gasport	DOLOSTONE	CRYSTALLINE		Gasport Formation: Dolostone, light brownish grey to light grey with medium grey mottling (on drill surface this looks like a blue grey colour but on broken surface is medium grey), fine crystalline (not as sugary texture as Guelph), thick bedded, occ. stylolites. Pale brown in upper 1 ft. Mottling due to bioturbation (trace fossils). Stronger than overlying beds and less porous. Excellent RQD. Encrinurite with >50% crinoid fossil debris. Same rock as Duntroon, Acton and Milton Qry's. Highly bioturbated.
444.63	Irondequoit	LIMESTONE		SCREEN OW25-C	Irondequoit Formation: Strong mottling (photo) or bioturbation
441.62	Cabot Head	DOLOSTONE			Fossil Hill Formation: Dolostone, finer grained calcisiltite (Rockway Member?)
440		SHALE			Cabot Head Formation: Shale, fissile leafs, reddish at top becoming grey with depth. Trace micro pyrite



Location Name: OW26

Location ID: -2147483404

Master ID: -2147483404

Original Name/ID:

Alt Name: Core #2

Location: E: 561230.697 N: 4887427.22 QA: 1

Lot: Con:
Rgn/Cnty:
Muni.
Gnd Elev: 499.22 masl Elev. QA Code:
Depth: 62.41 m Drill Date:

Pump test rate:
Test Start: to
Recommended Rate: at Depth m
Purpose: ,
BH Diameter: Drill Method:

Metres	Picks	MOE Material 1	MOE Material 2	MOE Material 3	Screens	Geo Description
490		SAND	SAND SILT			OVERBURDEN: mix of sand, silt, boulders, gravel (detailed log notobtained)
481.4	Top of Bedrock Guelph	DOLOSTONE	CRYSTALLINE			Guelph, Upper Member: Dolostone, white to greyish pink on drill surface on broken surface white, fine crystalline and sucrosic, medium to thick bedded, porous quickly soaking up water drop, small vugs 1-2 mm and occasional large vugs to 30 mm, sometimes filled with poorly cemented dolomite xtals, and sometimes empty. Originally a bioturbated mud. Recrystallization has destroyed most fossils but mold of gastropod found at 61'. Absence of natural breaks that have a black stylolitic shale surface. Lower member, reefal in nature is missing.
469.65	Eramosa	DOLOSTONE			SCREEN OW26-A	Bottom contact marked by start of stylolitic leafs and gradational colour change
468.35	Goat Island - Ancaster	DOLOSTONE	CHERT			Eramosa Goat Island, Ancaster Member. (chert beds): Contact at 101' 6" at start of first significant stylolite leafs. Dolostone, light grey on drill surface and light brownish grey on broken surface becoming light grey lower in section on broken surface, fine crystalline, medium to thick bedded, natural breaks have black stylolitic shale surface, less porous than overlying Guelph based on rate of water absorption. Frequent vugs to 30 mm filled either with chert or soft weakly cemented dolomite. Faint bituminous smell on freshly broken surfaces.
456.14	Goat Island - Niagara Falls	DOLOSTONE	CRYSTALLINE		SCREEN OW26-H (Original open hole)	Goat Island, Niagara Falls Member: Dolostone, very light grey on drill surface and pinkish grey on broken surface with medium bluish grey coloured bands, fine crystalline but finer than overlying Ancaster, thick to massive bedded, low porosity and general absence of vugs.
451.6	Gasport	DOLOSTONE	CRYSTALLINE		SCREEN OW26-C	Gasport: Dolostone, very light grey on drill surface and pinkish grey on broken surface with medium bluish grey coloured bands wider but less defined than in overlying Niagara, fine crystalline, thick to massive bedded, porous, vugs 1-3 mm, some discrete areas high concentration of vugs resulting in weak, porous and brittle rock. A grain stone. Extensive bioturbation giving a mottled fabric.
442.53	Irondequoit	DOLOSTONE	CRYSTALLINE			IRM: Contact with Irondequoit Formation. Dolostone, Pinkish grey with medium bluish grey on wet broken surface, fine crystalline, thick bedded, occ irregular stylolitic seams, porous and vugs. Upper contact is defined by marked increase in bluish grey banding going downwards. At 191' 0" contact with Rockway Formation. At 199' 11" contact with Merriton Formation (aka Fossil Hill). 203' 2" 1 inch shale. Note shale seams in IRM are rip up clasts of underlying Cabot Head shale.
437.38	Cabot Head	SHALE	SOFT			Cabot Head: Shale, dark grey, soft, aphanitic, fissile and soft
430						



Location Name: OW27-C

Location ID: -902854379
 Master ID: -902854379
 Original Name/ID:
 Alt Name: A391976
 Location: E: 560927.286 N: 4888784.544 QA:

Lot: Con:
 Rgn/Cnty:
 Muni.
 Gnd Elev: 510.26 masl Elev. QA Code:
 Depth: 71.88 m Drill Date:

Pump test rate:
 Test Start: to
 Recommended Rate: at Depth m
 Purpose: ,
 BH Diameter: Drill Method:

Metres	Picks	MOE Material 1	MOE Material 2	MOE Material 3	Screens	Geo Description
510						Overburden
500		OVERBURDEN				
490						
487.59	Top of Bedrock - Guelph	DOLOSTONE				Guelph Formation: Dolostone, white to light grey. Finely crystalline to sucrosic, medium to thick bedded. Porous, quickly soaking up water on surface. Small vugs 1-2 mm and occasional large vugs to 30 mm, sometimes filled with poorly cemented dolomite crystals. Complete absence of natural breaks that exhibit black stylolitic shale surface.
482.87	Eramosa	DOLOSTONE				Eramosa Formation: Dolostone, light to medium brownish grey, fine crystalline, vuggy (due to fossils), strong, thick to medium bedded. Unlike the overlying Guelph, stylolites are common, and the colour is more brown-grey. Less porous than above, with a clear reflective sheen when wet, unlike the Guelph, which readily absorbs applied water. Good RQD.
475.32	Goat Island - Ancaster	DOLOSTONE				Goat Island, Ancaster Member. Dolostone, finely crystalline, medium to dark ash grey, thin to medium bedded. Occasional vugs to 40 mm filled either with chert or weakly cemented dolomite. Faint bituminous smell on freshly broken surfaces. Zones with numerous dark stylolites. Tight, with very low porosity - water applied to surface is not absorbed and remains as a sheen.
464.86	Niagara Falls Lions Head	DOLOSTONE				Goat Island, Niagara Falls Member: Dolostone, very light bluish grey on drill surface and pinkish grey on broken surface. Medium bluish grey, thin, wavy bands that give a distinctive pin-striped appearance, with occasional bluish specks. Very fine crystalline. Thick to massive bedded, very low porosity and absence of vugs. Very tight - water applied to surface is not absorbed and remains as a sheen.
464.15	Gasport	DOLOSTONE				Gasport: Dolostone, thick- to massive-bedded, fine- to coarse-grained, blue-grey to white in a frequently banded pattern. Vugs, 1 to 4 mm in size are common. More porous than the overlying Niagara Falls, but water applied to surface still remains as a sheen. Lighter in color and less mottled than the underlying IRM.
460						
450						
442.24	Irondequoit	DOLOSTONE			SCREEN OW27-C	IRM: Dolostone, pinkish grey with medium bluish grey on wet broken surface, fine crystalline, thick bedded, occasional irregular stylolitic seams. Porous with vugs up to 4mm. Darker, less banded and more mottled than the overlying Gasport. Becoming brownish coloured with depth.
438.57	Cabot Head	SHALE				Cabot Head: Shale, dark grey, soft, aphanitic, fissile.



Location Name: OW28-C

Location ID: 1602548740

Master ID: 1602548740

Original Name/ID:

Alt Name:

Location: E: 561602 N: 488678 QA: 1

Lot: Con:
Rgn/Cnty:
Muni.
Gnd Elev: 510.98 masl Elev. QA Code:
Depth: 67.59 m Drill Date:

Pump test rate:
Test Start: to
Recommended Rate: at Depth m
Purpose: ,
BH Diameter: Drill Method:

Metres	Picks	MOE Material 1	MOE Material 2	MOE Material 3	Screens	Geo Description
510						Overburden
500		OVERBURDEN				
490						
484.27	Top of Bedrock Eramosa					Eramosa Formation: Dolostone, light to medium brownish grey, fine crystalline, vuggy (due to fossils), strong, thick to medium bedded. Unlike the overlying Guelph, stylolites are common, and the colour is more brown-grey. Less porous than above, with a clear reflective sheen when wet, unlike the Guelph, which readily absorbs applied water. Good RQD.
480		DOLOSTONE				
472.84	Goat Island - Ancaster					Goat Island, Ancaster Member. Dolostone, finely crystalline, medium to dark ash grey, thin to medium bedded. Occasional vugs to 40 mm filled either with chert or weakly cemented dolomite. Faint bituminous smell on freshly broken surfaces. Zones with numerous dark stylolites. Tight, with very low porosity – water applied to surface is not absorbed and remains as a sheen.
470		DOLOSTONE				
462.09	Niagara Falls Lions Head					Goat Island, Niagara Falls Member: Dolostone, very light bluish grey on drill surface and pinkish grey on broken surface. Medium bluish grey, thin, wavy bands that give a distinctive pin-striped appearance, with occasional bluish specks. Very fine crystalline. Thick to massive bedded, very low porosity and absence of vugs. Very tight – water applied to surface is not absorbed and remains as a sheen.
457.61	Gasport					Gasport: Dolostone, thick- to massive-bedded, fine- to coarse-grained, blue-grey to white in a frequently banded pattern. Vugs, 1 to 4 mm in size are common. More porous than the overlying Niagara Falls, but water applied to surface still remains as a sheen. Lighter in color and less mottled than the underlying IRM.
450		DOLOSTONE				
444.72	Irondequoit				SCREEN OW28-C	IRM: Dolostone, pinkish grey with medium bluish grey on wet broken surface, fine crystalline, thick bedded, occasional irregular stylolitic seams. Porous with vugs up to 4mm. Darker, less banded and more mottled than the overlying Gasport. Becoming brownish coloured with depth.
441.07	Cabot Head	SHALE				Cabot Head: Shale, dark grey, soft, aphanitic, fissile.
440						



Location Name: OW29-C

Location ID: 1369143902
 Master ID: 1369143902
 Original Name/ID:
 Alt Name:
 Location: E: 561411.76 N: 4886532.7 QA: 1

Lot: Con:
 Rgn/Cnty:
 Muni.
 Gnd Elev: 499.9 masl Elev. QA Code:
 Depth: 62.76 m Drill Date:

Pump test rate:
 Test Start: to
 Recommended Rate: at Depth m
 Purpose: ,
 BH Diameter: Drill Method:

Metres	Picks	MOE Material 1	MOE Material 2	MOE Material 3	Screens	Geo Description
500						Overburden
490		OVERBURDEN				
488.34	Top of Bedrock - Guelph					Guelph Formation: Dolostone, white to light grey. Finely crystalline to sucrosic, medium to thick bedded. Porous, quickly soaking up water on surface. Small vugs 1-2 mm and occasional large vugs to 30 mm, sometimes filled with poorly cemented dolomite crystals. Complete absence of natural breaks that exhibit black stylolitic shale surface.
480		DOLOSTONE				
472.85	Eramosa					Eramosa Formation: Dolostone, light to medium brownish grey, fine crystalline, vuggy (due to fossils), strong, thick to medium bedded. Unlike the overlying Guelph, stylolites are common, and the colour is more brown-grey. Less porous than above, with a clear reflective sheen when wet, unlike the Guelph, which readily absorbs applied water. Good RQD.
470		DOLOSTONE				
460						
460.13	Goat Island - Ancaster	DOLOSTONE				Goat Island, Ancaster Member. Dolostone, finely crystalline, medium to dark ash grey, thin to medium bedded. Occasional vugs to 40 mm filled either with chert or weakly cemented dolomite. Faint bituminous smell on freshly broken surfaces. Zones with numerous dark stylolites. Tight, with very low porosity – water applied to surface is not absorbed and remains as a sheen.
454.3	Niagara Falls Lions Head	DOLOSTONE				Goat Island Member: Dolostone, very light bluish grey on drill surface and pinkish grey on broken surface. Medium bluish grey, thin, wavy bands that give a distinctive pin-striped appearance, with occasional bluish specks. Very fine crystalline. Thick to massive bedded, very low porosity and absence of vugs. Very tight – water applied to surface is not absorbed and remains as a sheen.
451.59	Gasport	DOLOSTONE				Gasport: Dolostone, thick- to massive-bedded, fine- to coarse-grained, blue-grey to white in a frequently banded pattern. Vugs, 1 to 4 mm in size are common. More porous than the overlying Niagara Falls, but water applied to surface still remains as a sheen. Lighter in color and less mottled than the underlying IRM.
441.33	Irondequoit	DOLOSTONE				IRM: Dolostone, pinkish grey with medium bluish grey on wet broken surface, fine crystalline, thick bedded, occasional irregular stylolitic seams. Porous with vugs up to 4mm. Darker, less banded and more mottled than the overlying Gasport. Becoming brownish coloured with depth.
438.13	Cabot Head	SHALE			SCREEN OW29-C	Cabot Head: Shale, dark grey, soft, aphanitic, fissile.
430						



Location Name: OW30

Location ID: -1130319958
 Master ID: -1130319958
 Original Name/ID: A374686
 Alt Name:
 Location: E: 561634.341 N: 4886900.777 QA: 1

Lot: Con:
 Rgn/Cnty:
 Muni:
 Gnd Elev: 494.35 masl Elev. QA Code:
 Depth: 56.62 m Drill Date:

Pump test rate:
 Test Start: to
 Recommended Rate: at Depth m
 Purpose: ,
 BH Diameter: Drill Method:

Metres	Picks	MOE Material 1	MOE Material 2	MOE Material 3	Screens	Geo Description
490		OVERBURDEN				Overburden
480	481.26 Top of Bedrock Eramosa	DOLOSTONE				Eramosa Formation: Dolostone, light to medium brownish grey, fine crystalline, vuggy (due to fossils), strong, thick to medium bedded. Unlike the overlying Guelph, stylolites are common, and the colour is more brown-grey. Less porous than above, with a clear reflective sheen when wet, unlike the Guelph, which readily absorbs applied water. Good RQD.
460	461.55 Goat Island - Ancaster	DOLOSTONE				Goat Island, Ancaster Member. Dolostone, finely crystalline, medium to dark ash grey, thin to medium bedded. Occasional vugs to 40 mm filled either with chert or weakly cemented dolomite. Faint bituminous smell on freshly broken surfaces. Zones with numerous dark stylolites. Tight, with very low porosity – water applied to surface is not absorbed and remains as a sheen.
450	453.1 Niagara Falls Lions Head	DOLOSTONE				Goat Island, Niagara Falls Member. Dolostone, very light bluish grey on drill surface and pinkish grey on broken surface. Medium bluish grey, thin, wavy bands that give a distinctive pin-striped appearance, with occasional bluish specks. Very fine crystalline. Thick to massive bedded, very low porosity and absence of vugs. Very tight – water applied to surface is not absorbed and remains as a sheen.
440	450.47 Gasport	DOLOSTONE				Gasport: Dolostone, thick- to massive-bedded, fine- to coarse-grained, blue-grey to white in a frequently banded pattern. Vugs, 1 to 4 mm in size are common. More porous than the overlying Niagara Falls, but water applied to surface still remains as a sheen. Lighter in color and less mottled than the underlying IRM.
430	441.85 Irondequoit	DOLOSTONE			SCREEN OW30-C	IRM: Dolostone, pinkish grey with medium bluish grey on wet broken surface, fine crystalline, thick bedded, occasional irregular stylolitic seams. Porous with vugs up to 4mm. Darker, less banded and more mottled than the overlying Gasport. Becoming brownish coloured with depth.
	438.4 Cabot Head	SHALE				Cabot Head: Shale, dark grey, soft, aphanitic, fissile.

Appendix B: Hydrographs

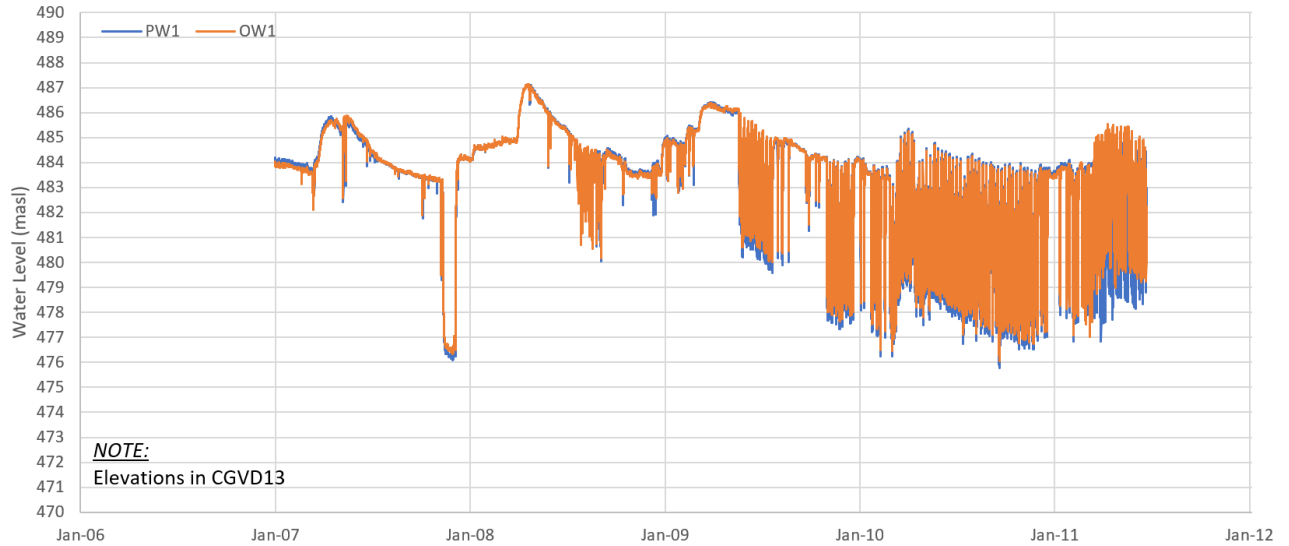


Figure B.1: Hydrograph of water levels at PW1 and OW1, in masl

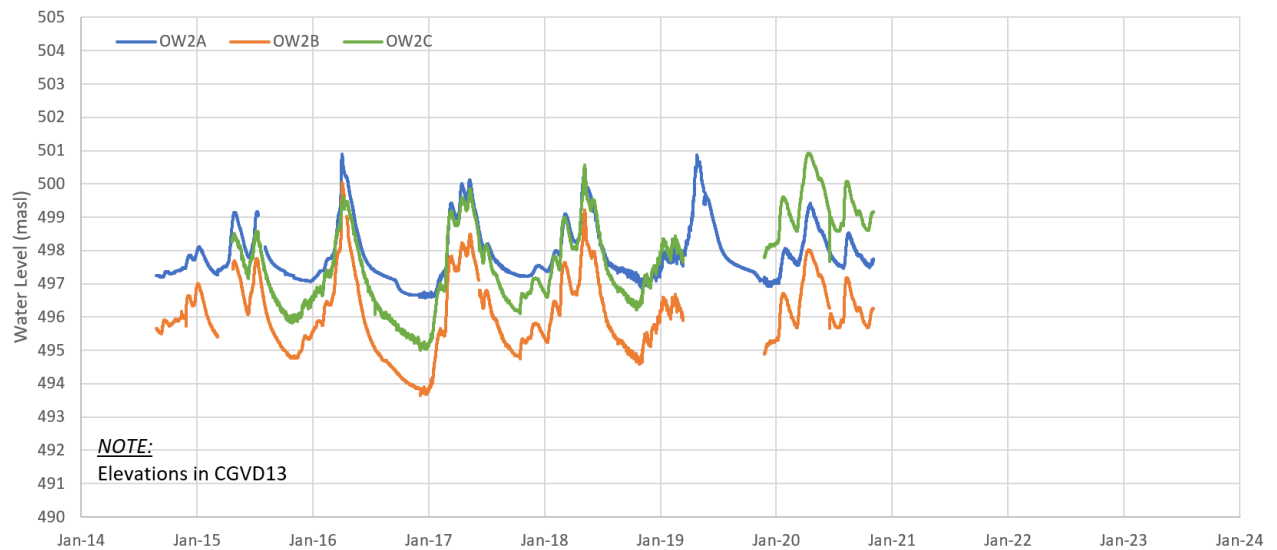


Figure B.2: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW2, in masl.

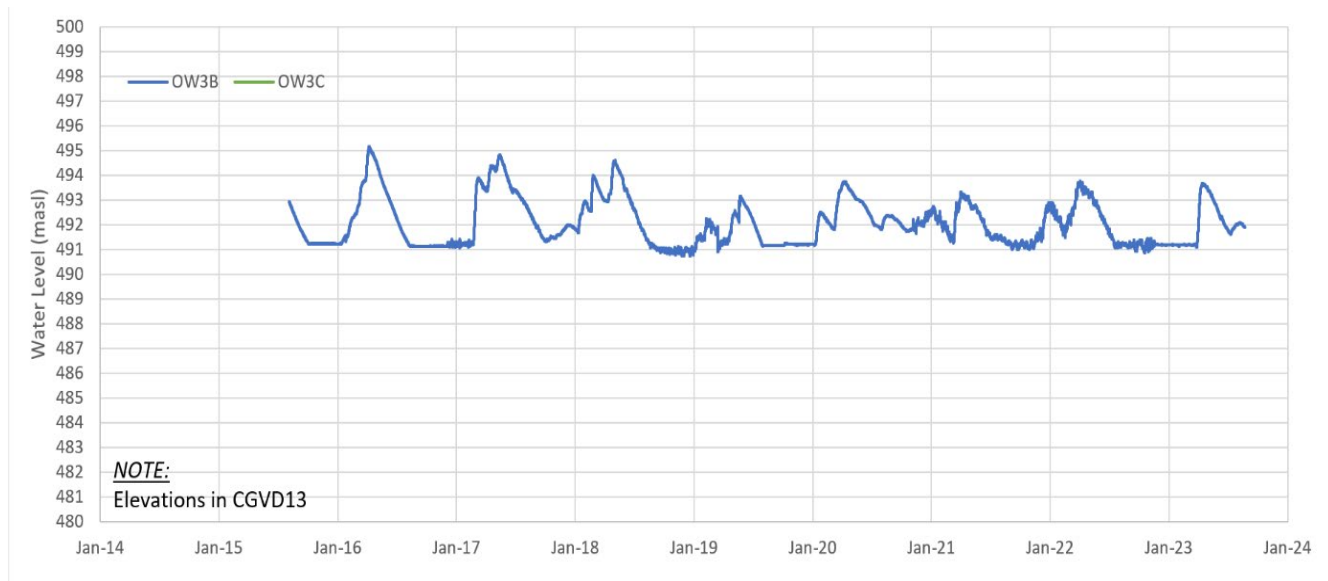


Figure B.3: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW3, in masl, 2008 to 2009.

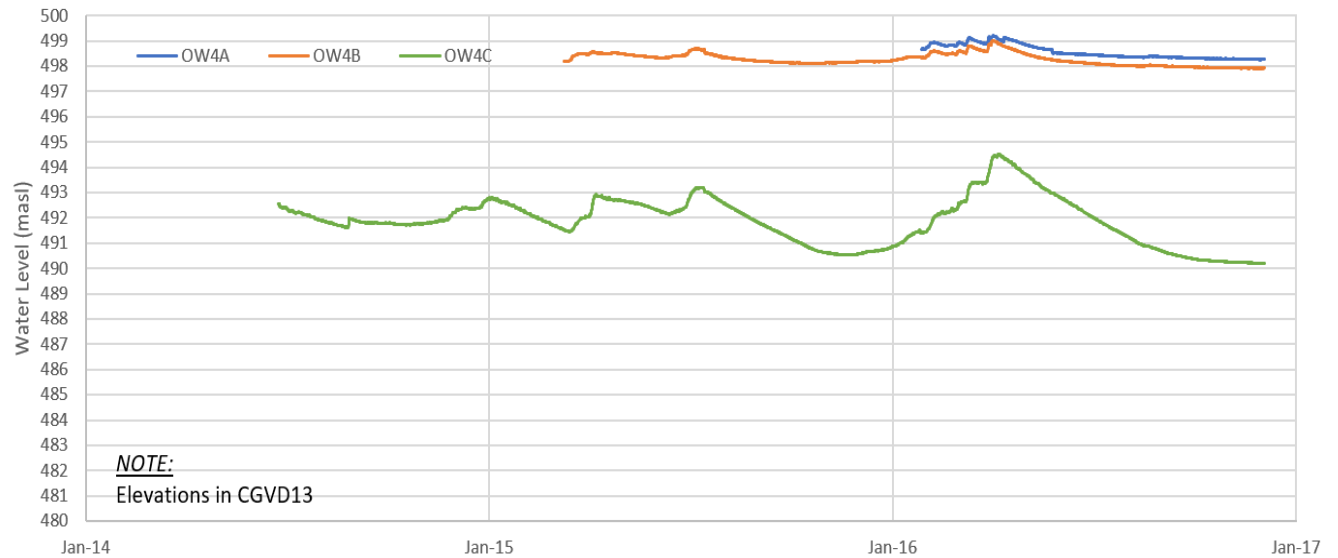


Figure B.4: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW4, in masl., 2014 to 2016

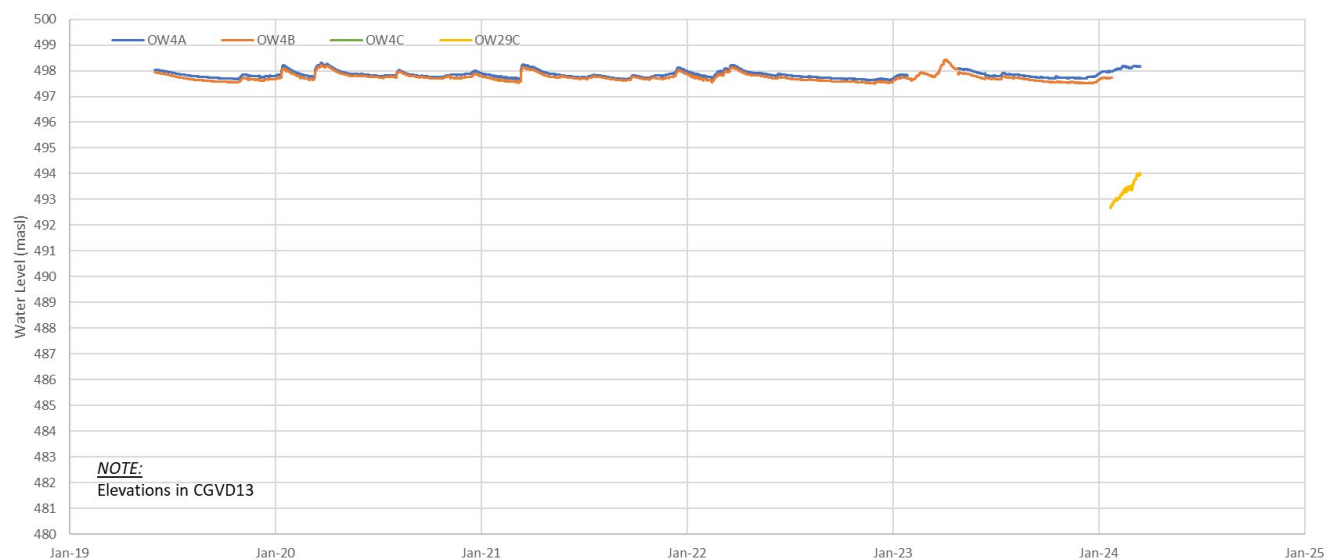


Figure B.5: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW4 and OW29C, in masl.

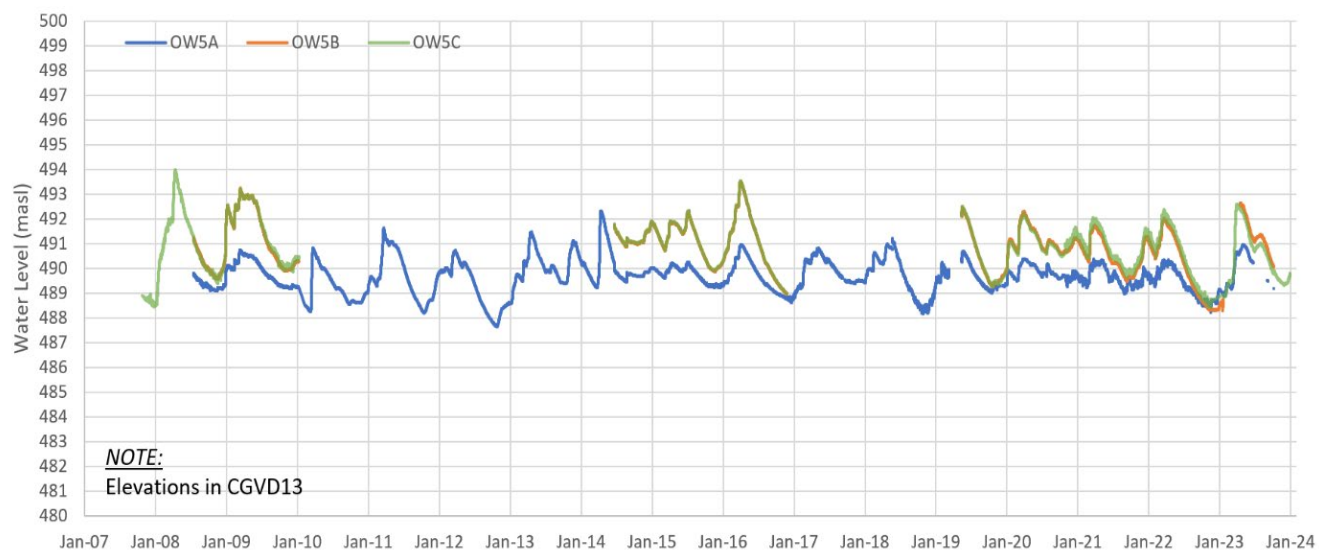


Figure B.6: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW5, in masl.



Figure B.7: Hydrograph of water levels at OW6A, in masl, 2014 to 2024.



Figure B.8: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW7, in masl.

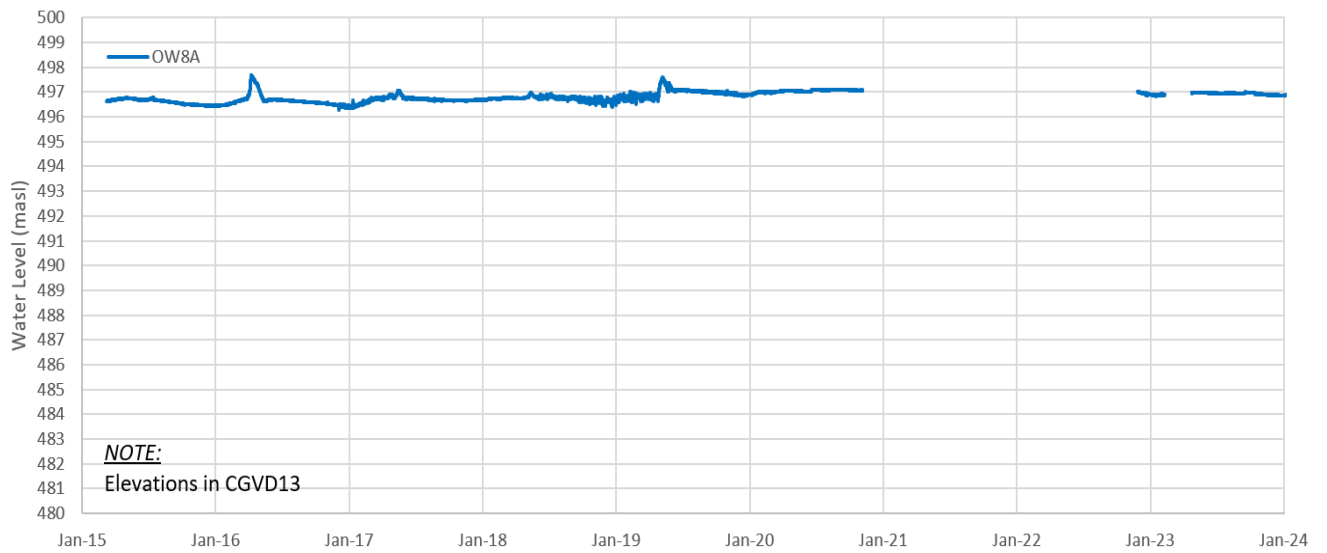


Figure B.9: Hydrograph of water levels at OW8A, in masl.

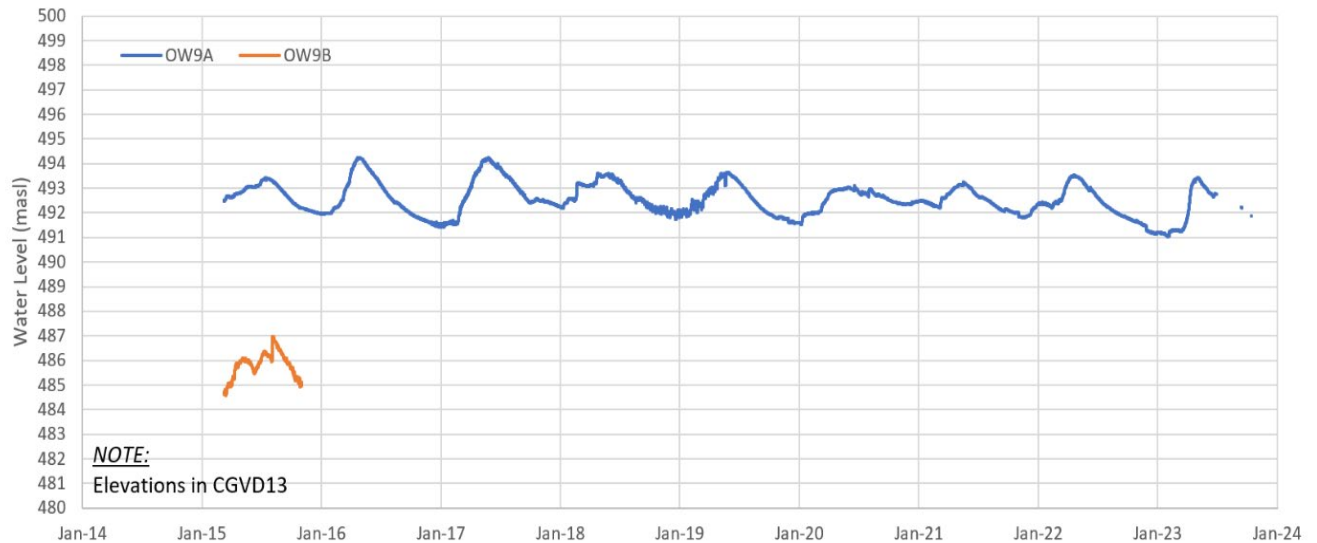


Figure B.10: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW9, in masl.

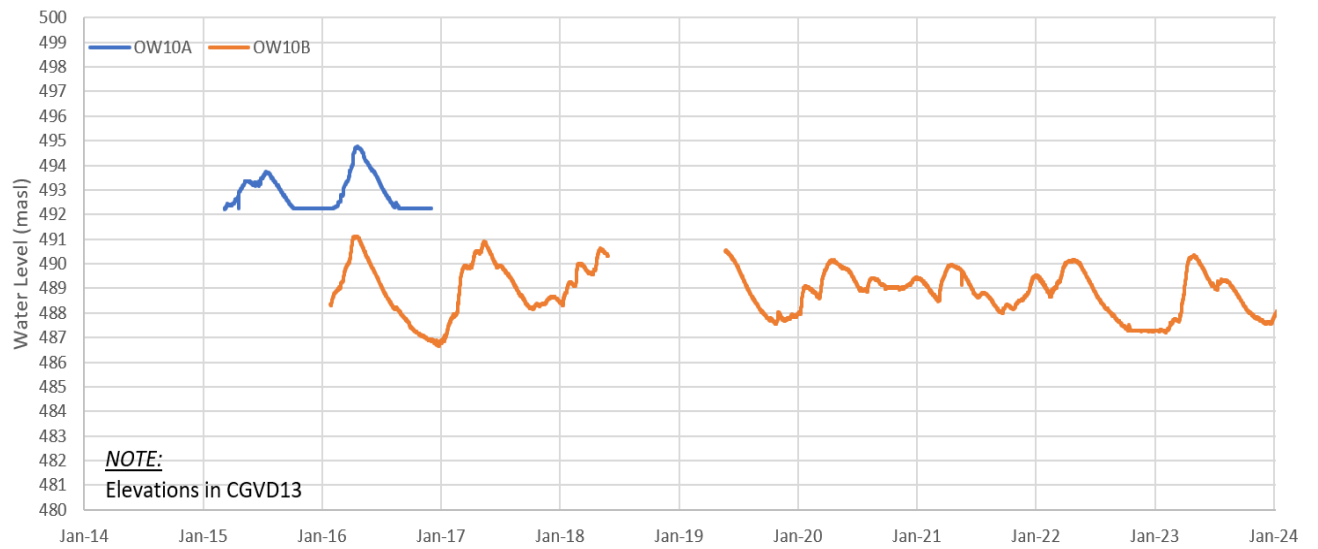


Figure B.11: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW10, in masl.

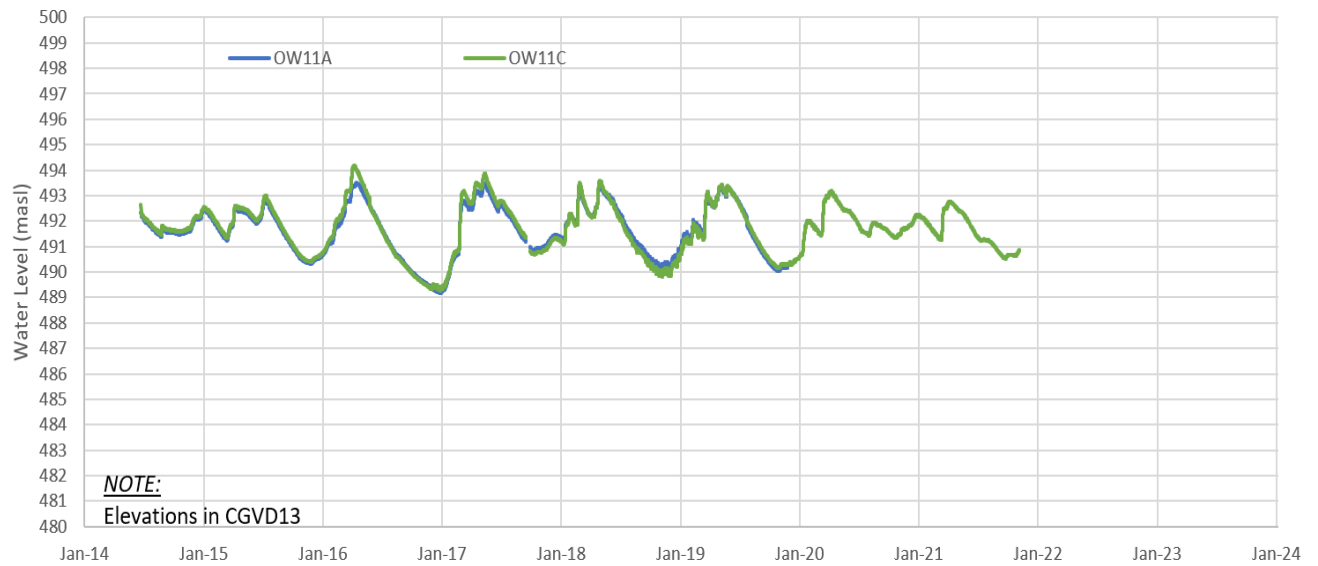


Figure B.12: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW11, in masl.

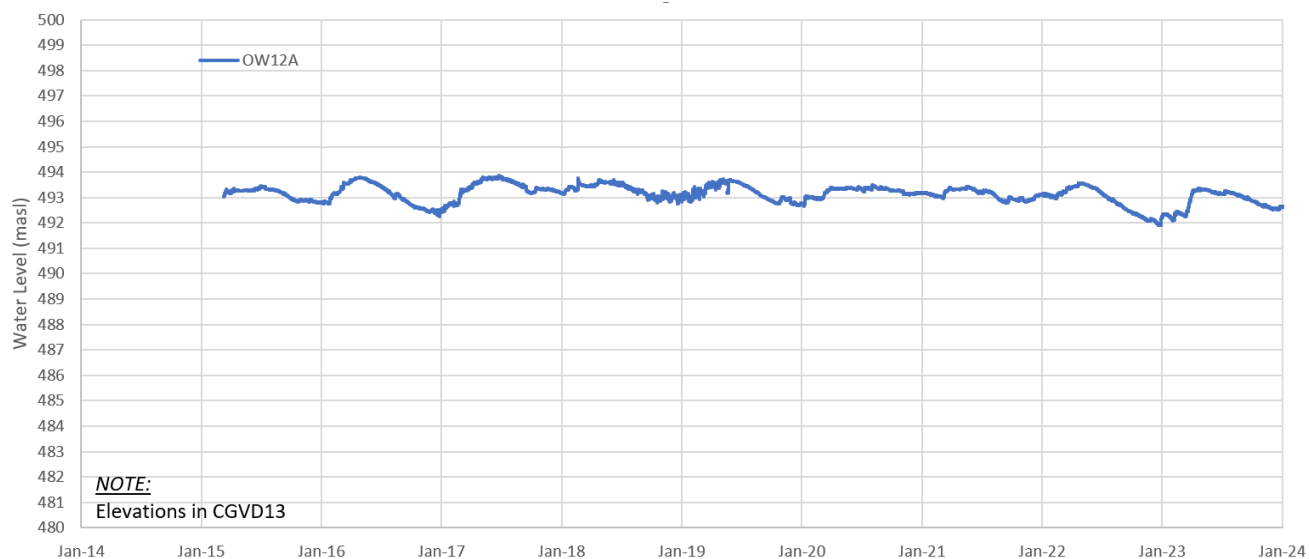


Figure B.13: Hydrograph of water levels at Well OW12A, in masl.

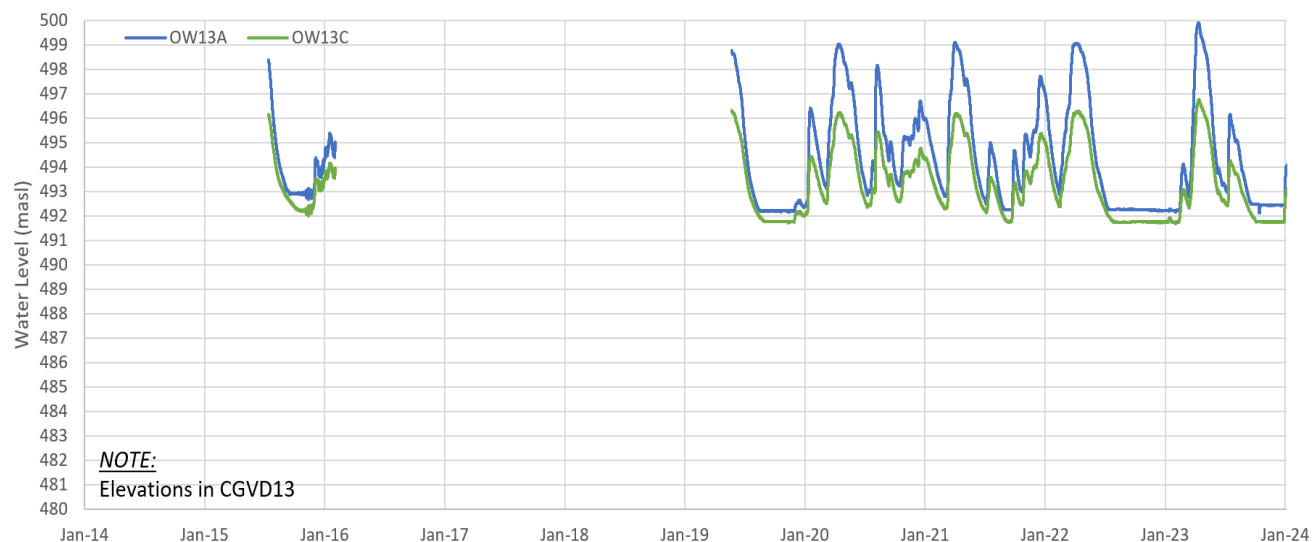


Figure B.14: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW13, in masl.



Figure B.15: Hydrograph of water levels at Well OW14C, in masl.



Figure B.16: Hydrograph of water levels at Well OW16C, in masl.

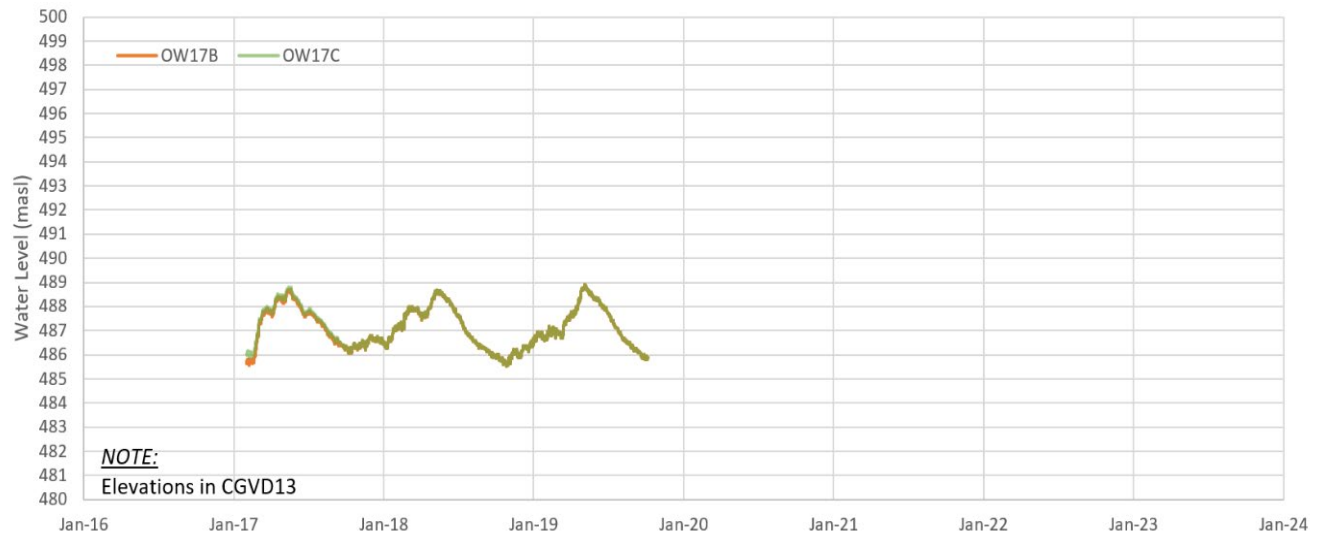


Figure B.17: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW17, in masl.

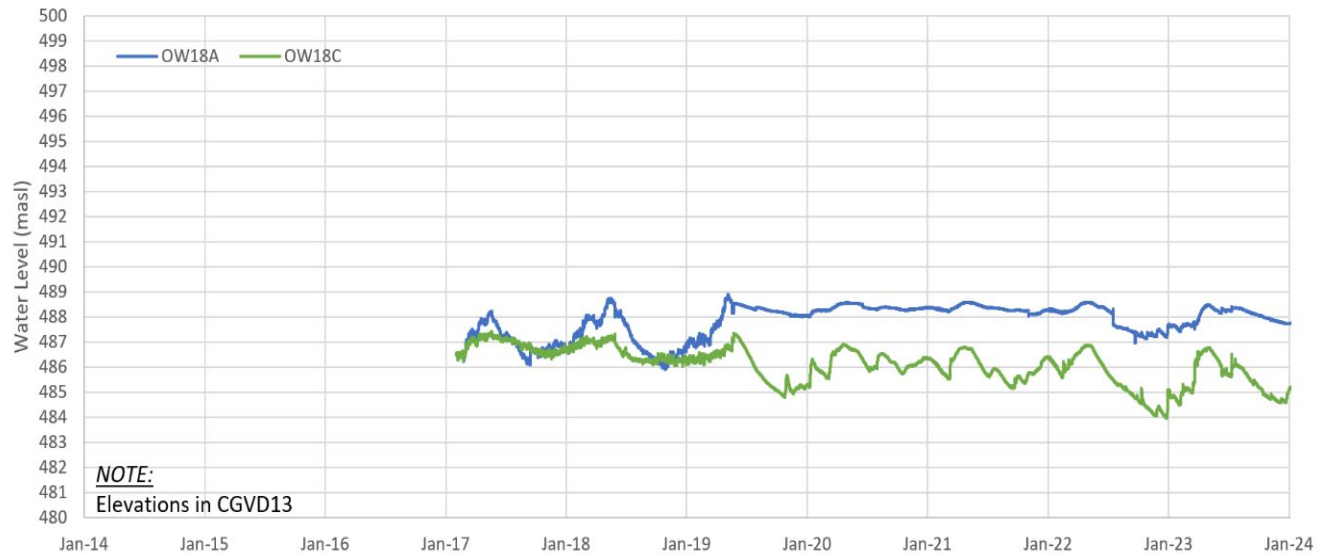


Figure B.18: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW18, in masl.

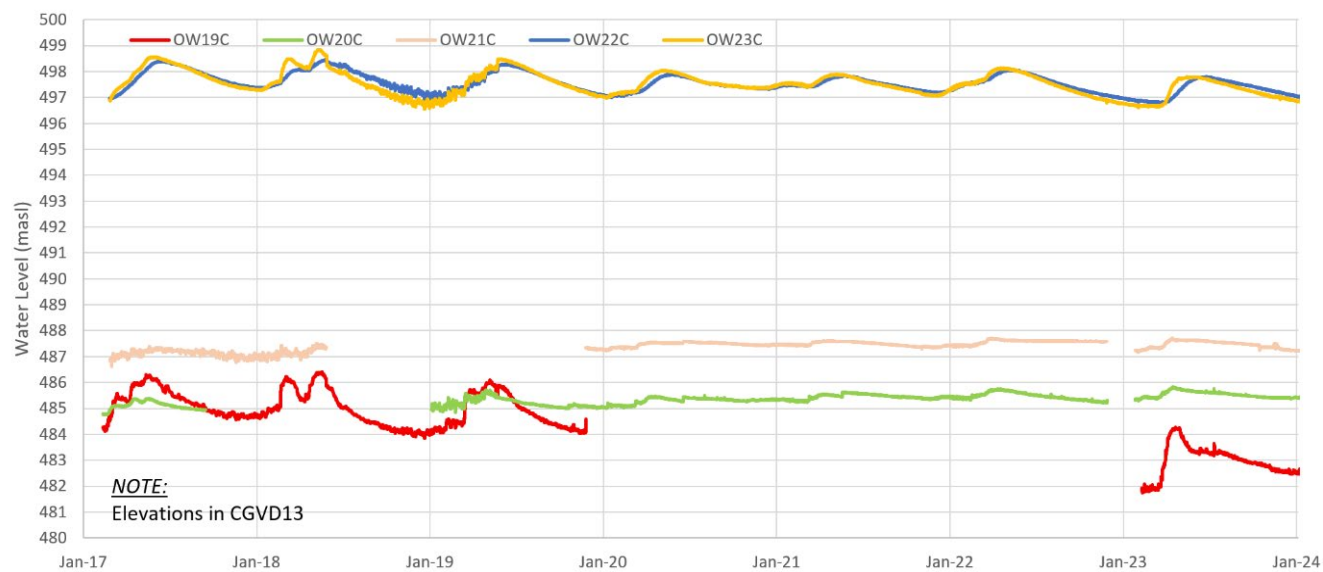


Figure B.19: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nests OW19, OW20, OW21, OW22, and OW23.



Figure B.20: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW19C, in masl



Figure B.21: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW20C, in masl.

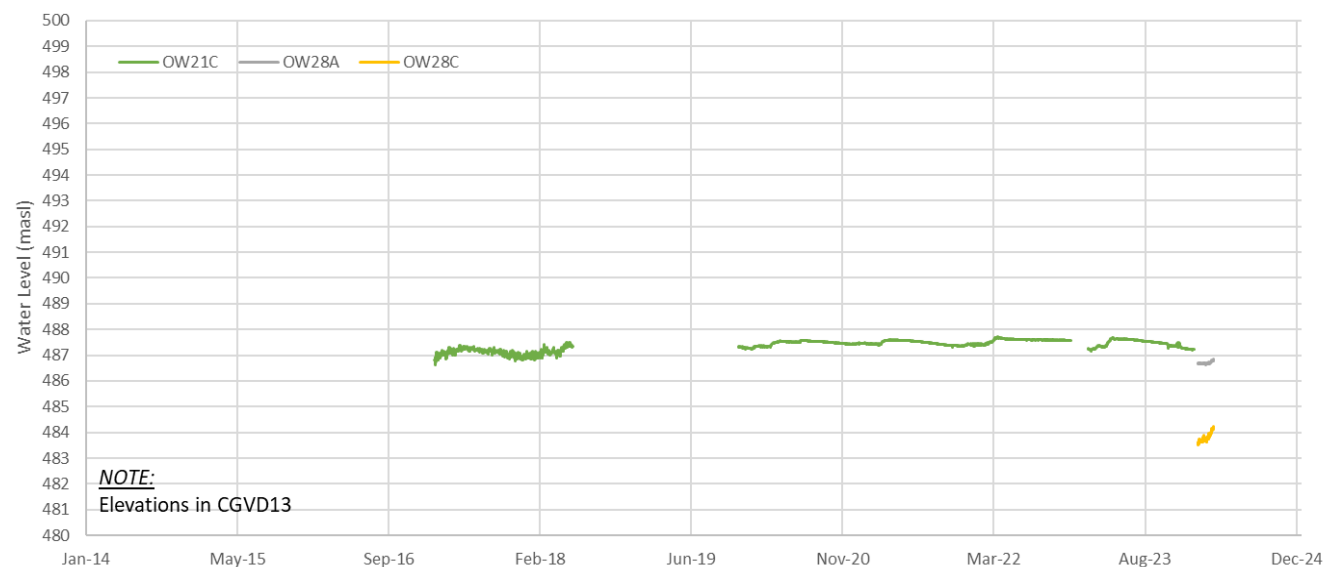


Figure B.22: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nests OW21 and OW28, in masl.

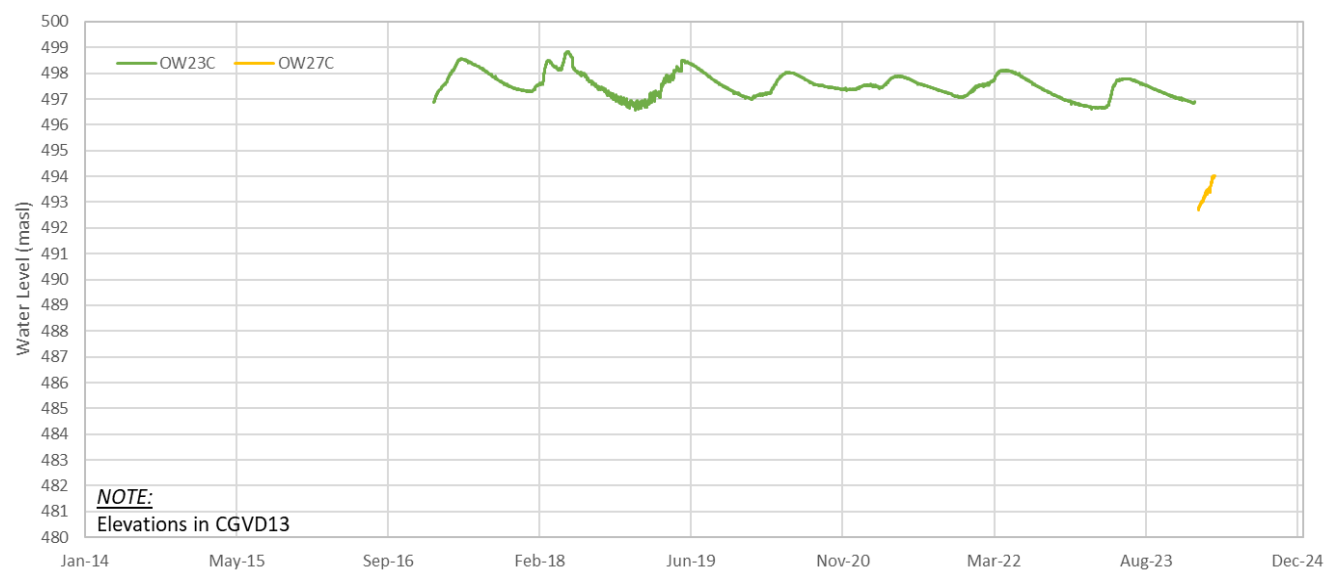


Figure B.23: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nests OW23 and OW27, in masl.

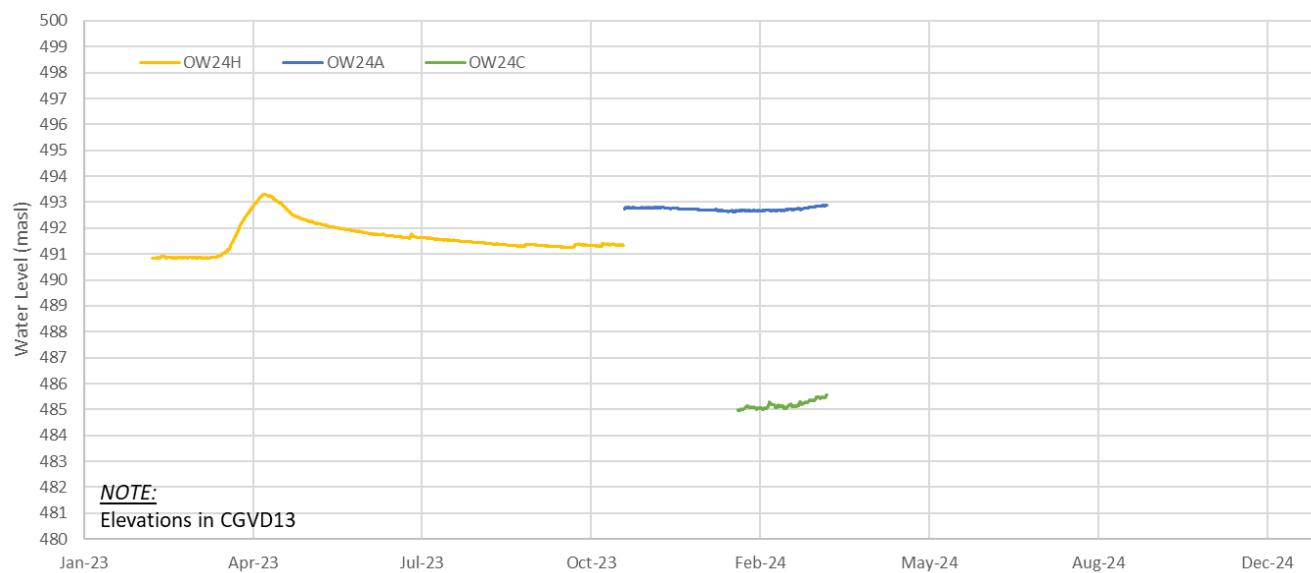


Figure B.24: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW24, in masl.



Figure B.25: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW25, in masl.

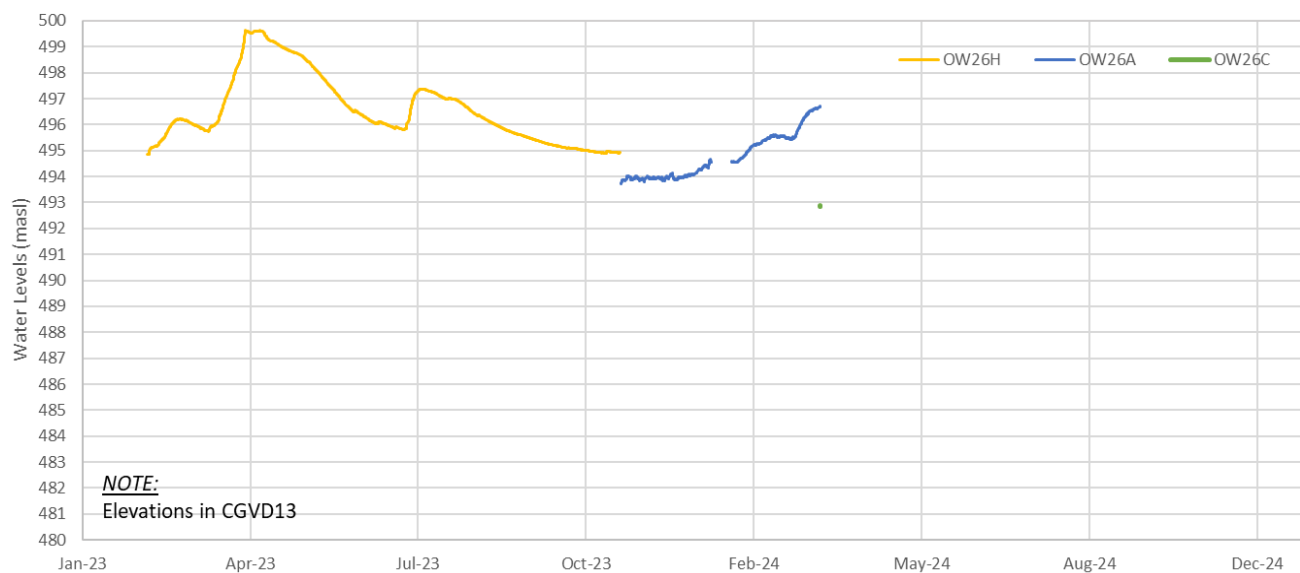


Figure B.26: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW26, in masl.

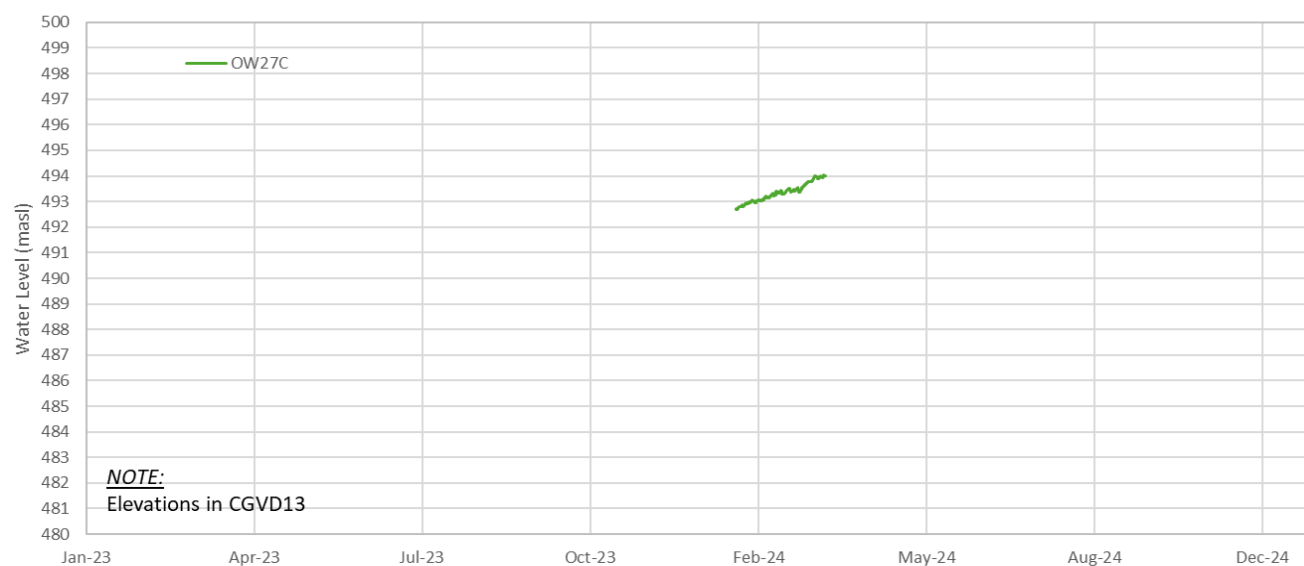


Figure B.27: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW27, in masl.

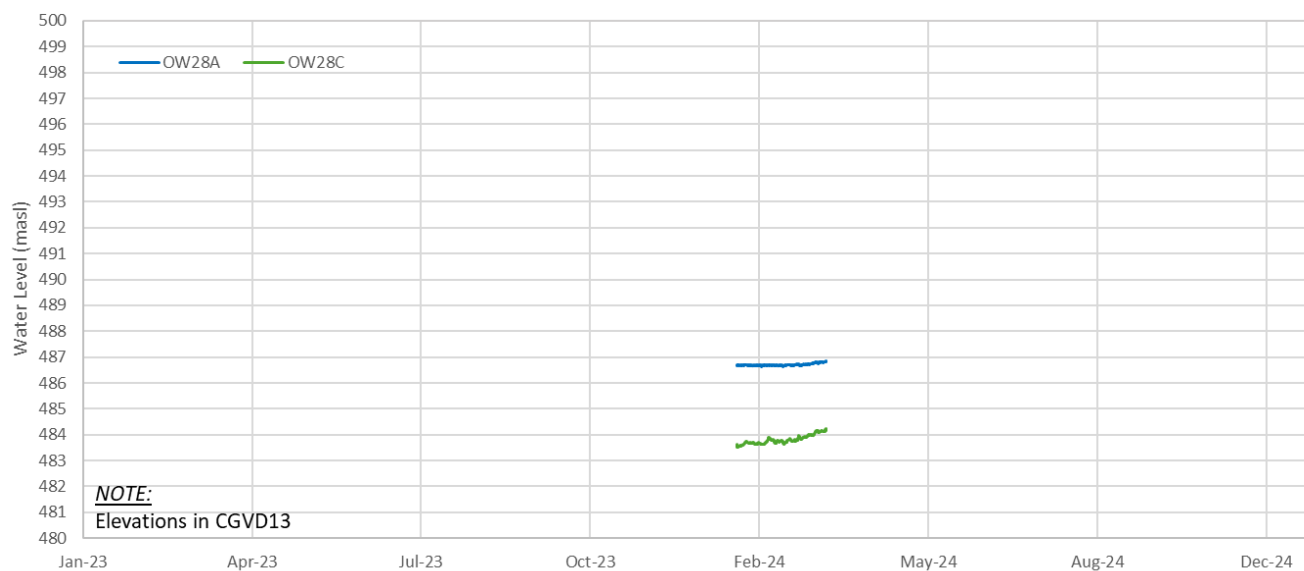


Figure B.28: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW28, in masl.

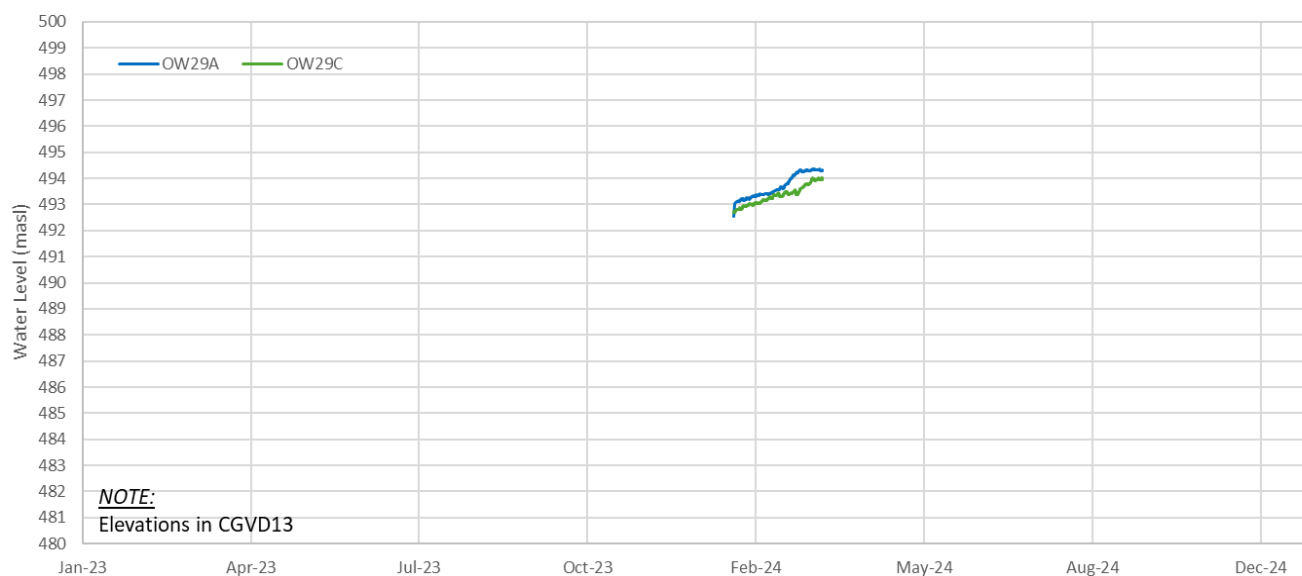


Figure B.29: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW29, in masl.

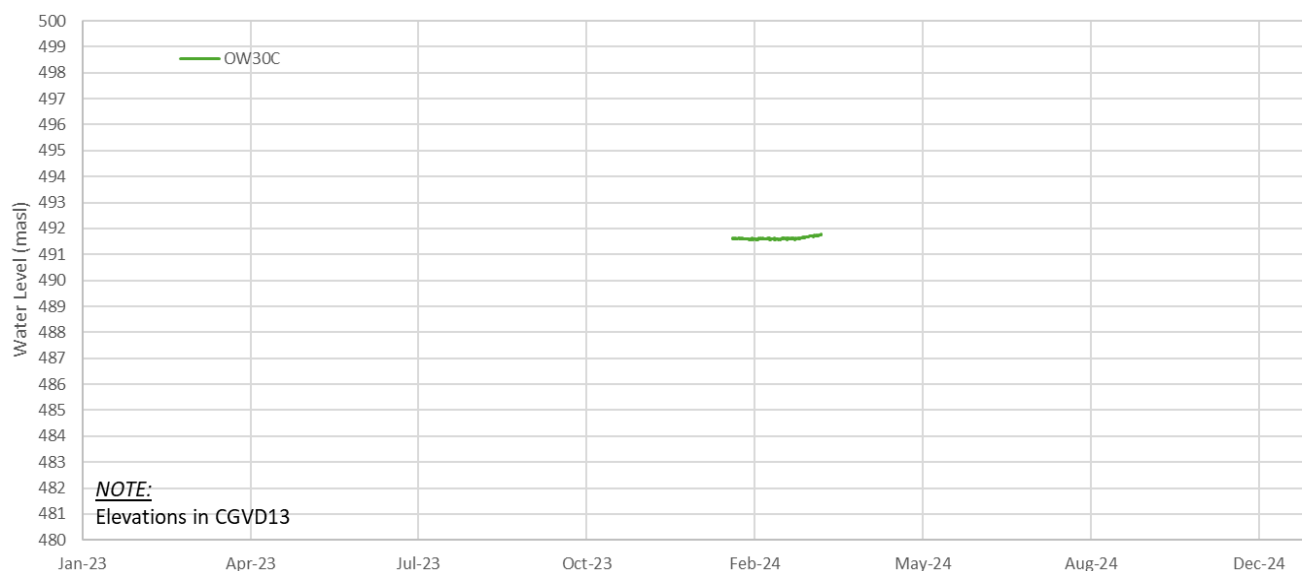


Figure B.30: Hydrograph of water levels at Well Nest OW30, in masl.